LEMBAGA PENDIDIKAN PROFESIONAL CENDEKIA HOTEL AND BUSINESS SCHOOL

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Research Community for Economic and Business Studies in collaboration with LembagaPendidikanProfesional (LPP)-CENDEKIA And Sekolah Tinggi Ilmu Ekonomi Pelita Bangsa University would present:

The 1st International Conference on Economic, Business and Accounting (ICEBA) 2017
Theme

BUSINEES AND FINANCE RESEARCH PARADIGM AND BEST PRACTICES TOWARDS 21st CENTURY

The conference is supported through a partnership between 12 higher educations in Indonesia, they are Universitas Airlangga, Universitas Indonesia, STAIN Sorong, IAIN Kendari, IAIN Palangka Raya, Universitas Muhammadiyah Palangka Raya, IAIN Manado, IAIN Palopo, Universitas Muhammadiyah Makassar, IAI Uluwiyah, Universitas Mercu Buana and Universitas Saburai Lampung.

The event would be a forum to stimulate academic enhancement, research collaboration, and joint publication. In addition, the conference is the area for young scholars to step in to the academic atmosphere in the region of Southeast Asia.

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TABLE OF CONTENT

TERM OF REFERENCE (TOR)

SOCIAL IMPLICATION OF ISLAMIC ECONOMICS AND ITS APPLICATION TO MANAGEMENT & ORGANIZATIONAL PERFORMANCE 1
THE EFFECTS OF PERSON-SUPERVISOR FIT AND PSYCHOLOGICAL EMPOWERMENT ON EMPLOYEE CREATIVITY AND EMPLOYEE'S PERFORMANCE
CAPITAL STRUCTURETHEORIES-EVIDENCEANDFROM FIRM'SBURSA MALAYSIA CONSTRUCTION SECTOR
ASEAN INTEGRATION: PUSHING FORWARD THE BUSINESS OF 21 ST CENTURY EDUCATION
PROMOTING DEVELOPMENT FINANCE FOR ECONOMIC GROWTH AND STABILITY: AN INDIAN EXPERIENCE
DOES THE TIMING OF UNANNOUNCED QUIZZES INFLUENCE STUDENT BEHAVIOR IN EFFORT INVESTMENT AND LEARNING OUTPUT?31
ROLE OF SERVICE INNOVATION, IMAGINATION AND COMMUNICATION IN CUSTOMER SATISFACTION AND CUSTOMER LOYALTY: A STUDY ON ENTREPRENEUR BATIK IN BEKASI
FIRMS AND AUDITEE CHARACTERISTICS ON AUDITOR SWITCHING 50
HUMAN RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT IN THE ERA OF TECHNOLOGY 51
THE EFFECT OF TRANSFORMASIONAL LEADERSHIP AND MOTIVATION TOWARD TEACHERS' PERFORMANCE ON ISLAMIC BOARDING SCHOOL 52
DETERMINANTS CAPITAL STRUCTURE: AN EMPIRICAL STUDY OF INDONESIAN TEXTILE MANUFACTURERS
THE EFFECT OF MACROECONOMICS ON JAKARTA ISLAMIC INDEX 54
MANAGEMENT TRAINING DEVELOPMENT AGENCY HUMAN RESOURCES 55
MANAGEMENT MODEL
DEVELOPMENT
MANAGEMENT MOTIVATION ON FIXED ASSET REVALUATIONS AND CHOICE OF ITEMS TO REVALUE: EVIDENCE FROM INDONESIA58
CLIMATE CHANGE A BRAND POPULAR MARKETING OPPORTUNITY FOR 59

tee

MANAGEMENT TEACHING FOR PREPARATION OF INDONESIAN NATIONAL EXAMINATION
STOCK RETURN VOLATILITY DETERMINANTS: EVIDENCE FROM INDONESIA
HEALTH ANALYSIS OF TELECOMMUNICATION COMPANY IN ORDER TO MAKE DECISION IN INVESTMENT
ENTREPRENEURIAL INTELLIGENCE MANAGEMENT
ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE, STOCK PRICE SHARIA BANK INDONESIA
IDENTIFY THE FACTORS AFFECTS TO EXCHANGE RATE IN INDONESIA65
THE IMPACT OF INFRASTRUCTURE ON ECONOMIC GROWTH IN INDONESIA: A REGIONAL STUDY
THE INFLUENCE OF TRANSFORMATIONAL LEADERSHIP STYLE AND WORK DISCIPLINE ON EMPLOYEE PERFORMANCE AT THE DEPARTMENT OF TOURISM YOUTH AND SPORTS OF SERANG REGENCY
PENGARUH KECERDASAN EMOSI DAN ORGANIZATIONAL CITIZENSHIP BEHAVIOUR TERHADAP KINERJA KARYAWAN PT. ASURANSI ALLIANZ INDONESIA
RECOGNIZING THE ROLE OF INTERNAL MECHANISM CORPORATE GOVERNANCE ON INDONESIAN ISLAMIC BANKING PERFORMANCE6
ANALISIS PERBANDINGAN MODEL ALTMAN, SPRINGATE, ZMIJEWSKI, DAN OHLSONDALAM MEMPREDIKSI FINANCIAL DISTRESS (StudiKasusPada Perusahaan LQ-45 Bursa Efek Indonesia Periode 2013-2014)
ANALYSIS OF DEVELOPMENT OF TOURISMAGAINST LABOR ABSORPTIONIN BANYUMAS REGENCY, CENTRAL JAVA(Case study the impact of the amount of accommodation, the number of tourists and the number of tourist destinations in Banyumas)
THE EFFECT OF SELECTION METHOD FOR PERFORMANCE ASSESSMENT ON WORK MOTIVATION OF EMPLOYEE
EFFECT OF LIQUIDITY, PROFITABILITY, EFFICIENCY, ASSETS QUALITY AND CAPITAL ONTHE PERFORMANCE OF COMMERCIAL BANK OWNED BY STATE OWNED ENTERPRISES (SOE) LISTED ON THE STOCK EXCHANGE 2009-2013
PENGARUH GAYA KEPEMIMPINAN TRANSFORMASIONAL, KOMUNIKASI ORGANISASIDAN DISIPLIN KERJA TERHADAP KINERJA KARYAWAN PT SRI ANEKA KARYATAMA(SAK) PALEMBANG –SUMATERA SELATAN, INDONESIA

DECO

60	ASEAN AS ONE TOURISM MARKETING COMMUNICATION ATTRIBUTE ANEXPLORATORY RESEARCH @GOASEANTY	75
74	ANALYSIS OF SME EXPORT READINESS OF ORGANIC MATERIAL BASED ON EXTERNAL INTERNAL FACTORS THROUGH SMEPERFORMANCE	76
О		
62	THE EFFECT OF DEBT TOWARD BALANCE SHEET EFFECTS ON THE MINING INDUSTRYIN INDONESIA	77
63		
	THE INFLUENCE OF FINANCIAL KNOWLEDGE, LOCUS OF CONTROL, AND INCOME, ONFINANCIAL BEHAVIOR AMONG THE PEOPLE IN WORKFORCE-	
64	AGE IN JAKARTA	78
65	CUSTOMER TRUST AND COMMITMENT AS MEDIATOR IN THE	
	RELATIONSHIP AMONGBRAND LOGOIDENTIFICATION, OVERALL BRAND	70
66	LOGOBENEFIT WITH CUSTOMER LOYALTY	19
	THE INFLUENCE OF ORGANIZATIONAL CULTURE TYPOLOGY ON	00
RK	TURNOVERINTENTION OF EMPLOYEES	80
67	THE INFLUENCE OF WORD OF MOUTH MARKETING'S POWER AND BRAND	
	IMAGE TOWARDS TO REPEAT ORDER OF SIN JUNG'S WHITENING CREAM	01
	(CASE STUDY IN SANGGAU KAPUAS, WEST KALIMANTAN BORNEO)	81
68	AN EARLY WARNING MODEL OF SYSTEMIC RISKBASED ON ENDOGENOUS	2222
	AND EXOGENOUS RISKS IN CONVENTIONAL INDONESIAN BANKING	82
69	TAX REVENUE AND DISPARITY IN ISLAMIC PERSPECTIVE	83
	ANALYSIS CONSUMER BEHAVIOR TOWARD MOBILE PHONE	2232
70	PURCHASINGVIA E-COMMERCE MOBILE APPLICATION	84
70	PERANCANGAN SIMULASI PERDAGANGAN SAHAM OFF-LINE DENGAN	
ONIN	MICROSOFT ACCESS®	85
t of	THE INFLUENCE THE CONTAGION EFFECT AND THE SPILLOVER EFFECT	
7	OF CLORAL FINANCIAL MARKET ON THE STOCK INDEX:	0.0
NT	CASE INDONESIA	86
N1 7	TAX COMPLIANCE: POWER OF AUTHORITY AND PERCEIVED OF	
	FAIRNESSIN ANTAGONISTIC CLIMATE	87
TY D BY	THE IMPACT OF TASK-TECHNOLOGY FIT AND INFORMATION	
E	CHNOLOGY UTILIZATION ON ACCOUNTING FIRM AUDITOR'S	
	PERFORMANCE	88
ASI	THE AFFECT OF FINANCIAL ATITTUDE, LOCUS OF CONTROL	
	INCOMEON FINANCIAL BEHAVIOR	89
ın,	DECOUPLING BANKING CREDIT AND GDP GROWTH:	
	THE CASE OF INDONESIA	90

ONE VILLAGE ONE PRODUCT (OVOP) -BASED RURAL DEVELOPMENT	
ANAGEMENT ON INTEGRATED RURAL PLANNING FRAMEWORK (Case	
Studies on Several Rural Areas of Ngajum and WonosariDistrics, Malang Regency, East	
Java Province)	13
FACTORS INFLUENCING UNIVERSITY CHOICES IN BEKASI REGENCY 12	
TACTORS IN BURNETING UNIVERSITY CHOICES IN BERASI REGENCY	4
STUDY OF MANAGEMENT CONTROL SYSTEM, ORGANIZATIONAL	
CAPACITY, ORGANIZATION CULTURE AND PERFORMANCE OF	
MANUFACTURING COMPANY IN THE CITY AND BEKASI REGENCY12	5
ANALYSIS OF THE RATE OF ADVERTISEMENT TAX CONTRIBUTION	1
TO THE LOCALLY-GENERATED REVENUE OF BEKASI REGENCY IN 2011-2015	
	6
THE INFLUENCE OF PRODUCT QUALITY AND BRAND IMAGE ON THE	
PURCHASE DECISION	
OF THE AQUA'S BRAND BOTTLED DRINKING WATER (CASE STUDY ON	ı
BEKASI CITIZENS)12	7
THE RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN INNOVATIONS IMPLEMENTATION USING	
TEORIYA RESHENIYA IZOBREATATELSKIKH ZADATCH (TRIZ) TOWARD	
PRODUCT QUALITY ENGINEERING DEVELOPMENT IN ENGINEERING	
DEVELOPMENT COMPANY	8
THE INFLUENCE OF PRICE AND TRUST TOWARDS CUSTOMER	
REPURCHASE INTENTION IN ONLINE SHOPPING 12	1
CREATIVITY AND ROLE LEADERS TO WORKER PRODUCTIVITY MEDIATED	
INNOVATION AND MOTIVATION(STUDY AT PT. AGUNG TIRTA LESTARI) 13	
BUILDING HUMAN RESOURCE PERFORMANCE BASED ON CUSTOMER	
ORIENTATION13	
THE DEVEL OBVERT OF CODONE A CAMP WING F DOOLS DOOLS	
THE DEVELOPMENT OF GORONTALO MULTIPLE BOOKS BASED	
ON LOCAL ADVANCE FOR FIRST HIGH SCHOOLS 13	
RELATIONSHIP OF FARMER'S CHARACTERISTICS	
WITH COMPETENCE CORN FARMING 13	
IMPACT ORIENTATION AND PLACEMENT	
ON THE EFFECTIVENESS OF CIVIL SERVICE APPARATUS	
IN BKKBN GORONTALO PROVINCE14	
IMPLEMENTATION OF PRESIDENTIAL REGULATION NO. 87/2017 AND	
ACCELERATION BUILDING NATION CHARACTER.	

THE DEVELOPMENT OF GORONTALO MULTIPLE BOOKS BASED ON LOCAL ADVANCE FOR FIRST HIGH SCHOOLS

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Abstract

This study aims to develop a textbook learning Gorontalo-based local wisdom in School. The chosen development model is a 4D model consisting of four development namely (1) defining stage, (2) design stage, (3) development stage, (4) distribution of the stage in terretation of the stage of instructional devices is very appropriate and appropriate where the index validation items ranged from 0.60 to 0.90 conclusion is valid, with the calculation consistency panelist judgments obtained reliability coefficient of 0.89. Observer observation implementation of learning as the implementation of the use of teaching materials the average percentage of learning execution is 87.5%. Because the achievement learning achieves 87.5% or above the classical completeness that has been determined in the second stage of learning mulok using teaching materials that refers to the learning wisdom-based mulok in SMP Negeri 1 Tapa can improve student learning to Keywords: teaching materials, local wisdom, mulok, development

INTRODUCTION

Education at the Junior High School level is an educational level that acts as a to knowing what and how science is laid down. It is in this stage that children are into the various sciences which in general must be supported by the mastery of basic commastery of tiered concepts of basic education will provide a strong foundation for stage master science and technology tiered next. Many problems encountered in the process is mainly related to how the teacher presents the learning materials effective efficiently so as to obtain the best learning outcomes.

Local content is an educational program whose content and delivery media is the natural environment, social environment, and cultural environment and regional while the students in the area must learn it. Thus, we must really pay attention environmental characteristics as well as the needs of the area in the curriculum process. The local content curriculum proposed by Wibawa (2007) is an education process. The local content and delivery media is linked to the natural environment and the environment as well as regional needs and must be studied by students in the area. Government as well as regional needs and must be studied by students in the area. Curriculum Gorontalo has been implemented in schools in the form of local leaching (Pateda, 1995).

Learning Local Content Gorontalo in junior high school today is implemented integrated manner with the subjects of language, physical education and health, work and cultural arts. Based on the agreement supported by Local Regulation No. 15 of local content outside of the current language promoted at all levels of schools within Province of Gorontalo is a karawo for construction, for PJOK and for art and Gorontalo Local Content Curriculum has been implemented in schools. But unfortuntere are many weaknesses encountered, including the lack of adequate learning to perform learning in accordance with the expected (Baruadi, 2014). Therefore, this research conducted in order to develop the learning of Gorontalo mulok that leads to the utilization local wisdom, both the content of the subject matter and pedagogy.

132 The 1" International Conference on Economic, Business and Accounting (ICEBA) 2017

According to Son (2011) development is an effort made to achieve the desired goal to be more perfect than ever. According Sugiyono (2012) development means deepening and extending existing knowledge. Furthermore Slameto (2010) mentions that learning has the essence of planning or design (design) as an effort to membelajarkan students. Therefore this research is conducted in order to develop teaching materials for regional mulok learning that leads to the utilization of local wisdom, both the content of subject matter and pedagogy.

RESEARCH METHODOLOGY

This research is a development research because through this research will be developed teaching materials on mulok subjects. The device development design used is a 4-D (four-D model) development model developed by Thiagarajan (in Mulyatingsih, 2012) consisting of define, design, develop, and disseminate (spread).

The validation result was a panelist assessment score, analyzed by taking into account the average of Aiken's panelist / validator and Aiken's content validity index and to calculate the reliability of each device using the Guilford panelist consistency formula (in Azwar 2001)

RESEARCH RESULTS

The core of the development of learning devices based on the 4D model, which is located in step or stage 3 called the development stage (development). This is because, at this stage, devices that have been designed by researchers are validated by experts. This validation may be a suggestion or input of experts accompanied by an assessment in the form of scores on teaching materials. Expert advice is used as a basis for the revision of instructional tools, and the assessment scores of experts or panelists are processed statistically to serve as the basis for making decisions about whether the device is valid and reliable.

Experiments validated by experts are developed based on 4 components or indicators, namely; (1) Content, (2) Readability, (3) Language, (4) Perwajahan / Appearance. The result of calculation of validator's evaluation on teaching material item, shows that from 3 validators to assess the teaching materials obtained by items 1, and 4 interpreted "very suitable" with the value range 4.60. Then, items 2, and 3, are interpreted as "appropriate" with the mean values of 3.40-3.80. The result of validity analysis of each item calculated using Aiken formula, it is found that the index validation of all items between 0.60 to 0.90 with the conclusion "Valid". The results of this analysis are then reinforced with the results of calculations consistency of panelist assessment obtained from the reability coefficient of 0.89.

a. Teacher Activity Implementation

Teacher activities during teaching and learning activities take place observed and assessed using the observation sheets that have been prepared by researchers. In this observation, the number of aspects observed by 23 aspects that must be implemented by the teacher with reference to the RPP. Based on data from observations made during the learning process, teacher activity / learning model implementation using local-based wisdom learning tools can be seen in Figure 1 below:

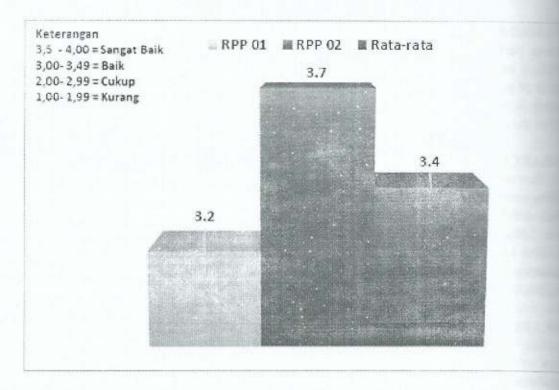


Figure 1. Graph of teacher activity / implementation of learning based on local was

According to the diagram in Figure 1. the activity of the teacher / the implementation the wisdom learning based on local wisdom as well as referring to the assessmentation the use of RPP 1 of 3.2 with good criteria, and on the use of RPP 2 of 3.7 with criteria. So from both the RPP is RPP 1 and RPP 2 in the average, the average RPP of 3.4 with good criteria. This value is the value of teacher activity / implementation of the second criteria.

b. Learning outcomes

To measure students' learning outcomes, researchers used the test instrument in the form of test. Posttest is given at the end of the learning process when during 2 meetings by applying the steps of local wisdom-based learning. After wisdom-based wisdom learning applied to the test class, 12.5% is incomplete accomplete. Data result of classical completeness SMP Negeri 1 Tapa students shows 2.



Figure 2. Classic mastery

Based on Figure 2 classical completeness for student learning outcomes using local wisdom-based learning, 21 students expressed or 87.5% and the remaining 3 students

12.5% unfinished. Because the achievement of student learning achieves 87.5% or above the classical completeness that has been determined by junior high school 1 Tapa is 85%, thus this study can provide an illustration that the application of learning mulok using a tool that refers to learning based on local wisdom in SMP Negeri 1 Tapa can improve student learning outcomes.

CONCLUSION

Based on the results of the average interpretation of the assessment of learning devices is very appropriate and appropriate where the index validation of all items ranged from 0.60 to 0.90 conclusion is valid, with the calculation consistency of panelist judgments obtained reliability coefficient of 0.89. Observer observation on the implementation of learning as the implementation of the use of teaching materials obtained the average percentage of learning execution is 87.5%. Because the achievement of student learning achieves 87.5% or above the classical completeness that has been determined by junior high school 1 Tapa is 85%, thus this study can provide an illustration that the application of learning mulok using teaching materials that refers to the learning of local wisdom-based mulok in SMP Negeri 1 Tapa can improve student learning outcomes.

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