



PROGEEDINGS

THE 2^{md} International conference
on information systems for business competitiveness 2013

The Novotel Hotel, Semarang - Indonesia, December 5, 2013



Department of Information Systems Postgraduate Program Diponegoro University

EDITOR PAGE

Proceedings of

The 2nd International Conference on Information Systems For Business Competitiveness (ICISBC) 2013

Abroad Editor

Ferry Jie, Ph.D (RMIT University, Australia)

Publication Chair

Prof. Srikanta Patnaik, Ph,D (Editor in Chief of IJICT and IJCSI)

Review Coordinator

Prof. Mustafid, Ph.D (Diponegoro University, Indonesia)

Review Team

Wan Mohd Nazmee Wan Zainon, Ph.D (Universiti Sains Malaysia, Malaysia)

Hector Sanchez-Lopez, Ph.D (University of Queensland, Australia)

Prof. Dr. Eldon Y. Li, (Association for Information System, Taiwan)

Setiawan Widyarto, Ph.D (Selangor Malaysia University, Malaysia)

Prof. Ir. Riyanarto Sarno, SE, M.Sc, Ph.D (Institute Technology of Sepuluh Nopember, Indonesia)

Prof. Dr. Ir. Eko Sediyono, M.Kom (Satya Wacana Christian University, Indonesia)

Prof. Agusty Tae Ferdinand, Ph.D (Diponegoro University, Indonesia)

Arie Susanti, Ph.D (Diponegoro University, Indonesia)

Dr. Adi Budi Priyanto (Bakrie University, Indonesia)

Dr. Ir. Docki Saraswati, M.Eng (Trisakti University, Indonesia)

Dr. Henny Hendrarti, M.M (Bina Nusantara University, Indonesia)

Dr. Kusworo Adi, MT (Diponegoro University, Indonesia)

Keynote Speaker

Prof. Dr. Eldon Y. Li, (Association for Information System, Taiwan) Setiawan Widyarto, Ph.D (Selangor Malaysia University, Malaysia) Prof. Agusty Tae Ferdinand, Ph.D (Diponegoro University, Indonesia)

ISBN: 978-602-14719-0-6

Department of Information System

Postgraduate Programs, Diponegoro University

Jl. Imam Bardjo SH No. 5 Semarang

Telp./Facs. +62 24 8449610

Email: msi@undip.ac.id / icisbc@gmail.com Website: www.msi.undip.ac.id / www.icisbc.org

Fuzzy Simple Additive Weighting Algorithm to Determine Land Suitability for Crop in Minahasa Tenggara	
Eko Sediyono' Adi Setiawan, Daniel Riano Kaparang	. 307-310
The Switch of Web Base Lamp with C++ and Ajax Method Mufadhol, Wibowo Harry Sugiharto	. 311-319
Labsware: Implementation of Gamification Approach in Computer Lab Activities Edward Kurnia, Dodick Z. Sudirman	. 318-323
Raw Material Wood Inventoru Monitoring With Rule Based Forward Chaining Mahmudi, Suryono, Oky Dwi Nurhayati	. 324-327
Strategic Level Management: Development Performance Dashboard For Hospital Irfan Ismail Sungkar, Agus Prasetyo Utomo	. 328-331
Business Performance Management On New Sofware Implementation Of Information Technology Project Using Balance Score Card Assessment (Case Study: CCAI, A Beverage Multinational Company in Indonesia) Brata Wibawa Djojo, Yerki Teguh Basuki	. 332-336
A Computer Calculation For Tentative Electrical System Improvement By Reactive Power Compensation Considering System Unbalanced Agus Ulinuha, Hasyim Asy'ari, Agus Supardi	
Evaluation Information System Delivery PT. RST Cargo International Vini Mariani Henny Hendarti	
Green IT Governance Model: Enhancing the Efficiency and Eco-Friendly of Private Higher Education Environment in JABODETABEK Nuril Kusumawardani Soeprapto Putri, Hudiarto Argogalih Handy Mulyoredjo	
Analysis Of Comparison Between Sequential And Parallel Computation Using Openmp For Molecular Dynamic Simulation Adang Suhendra, Helen Wijaya, Achmad Benny Mutiara	. 356-360
Waterfall Model Application In Development Dorm Student Information Management System West Kutai Ahmad Rofiq Hakim, Amelia Yusnita, Theresia Deska Winarni	
Analysis of Leadership, Organizational Culture, and Training Influence on Employee Performance at PT Yodya Karya Persero In Makassar, Indonesia Idayanti Nursyamsi, Nurjannah Hamid	
Website Design Research and Community Service Institute in Bina Darma University Siti Sa'uda, Qoriani Widayati	. 372-379
Online Shop Comparison Using CMS And Blog and Implementation Teguh Prasandy, Eko Sediyono	. 380-385
Data and Metadata Exchange Design With SDMX Format Using Web Service Supporting Interoperability Statistical Data Ana Uluwiyah, Jaka Sembiring	
Designing Enterprise Architecture that EnsuresBusiness IT Alignment (Integration SAMM w. TOGAF 9.1)Case Study: BPS-Statistics of Indonesia Novianto Budi Kurniawan, Suhardi	
Joint Method Balanced Scorecard - Blue Ocean Strategy For Performance Evaluation Of Higher Education Institution In Indonesia Case Study Unpacti Herlinah Baharuddin, Wahyul Amien Syafei, Kodrat Iman Satoto	. 402-407
Classification Needs Teachers Using Algorithm C4.5 Siti Suhada Edi Setiawan	

CLASSIFICATION NEEDS TEACHERS **USING ALGORITHM C4.5**

Siti Suhada¹⁾ Edi Setiawan²⁾ 1) 2) Lecturer of Computer Science, Engineering Faculty. Gorontalo State University Gorontalo, Indonesia Email: sitisuhada@gmail.com1) elioedi@gmail.com2)

Abstract - The problem in education is the lack of teachers, the teachers are not in accordance with the educational background (mismatch, low qualifications , competence disparities , and the uneven distribution of teachers.

This study aims to (1) To design a classification algorithm model distribution needs of teachers by using C4.5 algorithm (2) the accuracy of the model for equalization algorithm C4.5 to teachers' needs.

This study is a historical research using experimental methods is to perform design and modeling systems. Data was collected through library research methods (library research) and methods of data collection (field research) and application development based on analysis of the results of data mining methods the algorithm C4.5'

The results of this study is the classification of state information needs of teachers of subjects is more, or less enough at each school. C4.5 algorithm accuracy rate reaches 83%.

Keywords - component; data mining, algorithm C4.5 algorithm Introduction

INTRODUCTION

Development of education today has shown significant results for national development. Education is seen as one of a variety of investments that are considered crucial in improving the quality of human resources.

In the world of education, the role and function of the teacher is one very significant factor. Teachers are the most important part in the learning process, according to the Law of the Republic of Indonesia Number 14 Year 2005 on Teachers and Lecturers. Therefore, in any attempt to improve the quality of education in this country can not be separated from a variety of matters relating to the existence of teachers themselves [1].

Subject teachers is one of the important factors in the implementation of the curriculum. However ideally supported by a curriculum without the teacher's ability to implement it, then it would not be meaningful curriculum as an educational tool, and instead of learning without curriculum as a guideline would be ineffective [2].

On the other hand, the condition of the education world today is faced with complex problems such as the classical problem, namely the lack of teachers, the teachers are not in accordance with the educational background (mismatch), low qualifications, competence disparities, and the distribution of teachers who are not effective. This can be evidenced by the current situation

in Indonesia is still shortage of 200,000 = PMPTK, 2010)'

Equitable distribution of teachers needs to be uneven at SMAN 1 Makassar for math teachers 8 (eight) number of teachers, while teachers for mathematics courses only seven (7) teachers number of teachers over the needs of teachers other side of the SMA Negeri 3 Lau Maros (five) number of teachers while teachers are mathematics courses should be 6 (six) teachers number of teachers is less than the needs of teachers In connection with the above conditions, the scientific data mining to classify teacher Classification model that is used is to use the memory C4.5 algorithm to obtain equity classification and the model needs the right teacher.

It is hoped that the results of this study will be become one of the reference materials in the government to provide policy decision-making distribution of teachers according to the needs in each school in order to improve the education.

BASIS THEORY AND CONCEPTS

Basic Concept of Data Mining 1.1 Data Mining

Data mining is a term used to describe the discovery in databases. Data mining is a process statistical techniques, mathematics, artificial imediate and machine learning to extract and identification information and relevant knowledge from a second large databases [3].

Data mining is the analysis of the survey discover unexpected relationships and summer and data in a way that is different from before understandable and useful to the data owner [3] In general, the measurement model of data minimum to three criteria: accuracy (Accuracy) (Reliability) and usefulness (Usefulness). Balance the three is necessary because not necessarily model that is accurate, reliable or accurate necessarily useful [3].

The method used in data mining is a method of least (supervised learning), and no learning (unsupervised learning). Learning methods methods role of estimation, prediction, classification association while without learning methods clustering [4].