# European Journal of

# **Education Studies**

ISSN 2501-1111 Volume 6, Issue 6, 2019



**Open Access Publishing Group** 



ABOUT LOGIN SEARCH CURRENT ARCHIVES ##EDITORIAL BOARD## HOME

##INDEXING AND ABSTRACTING## ##AUTHOR'S GUIDELINES## ##COVERED RESEARCH

##ANNOUNCEMENTS## ##RELATED JOURNALS## ##MANUSCRIPT

SUBMISSION##

Home > Vol 8, No 6 (2021)

### **European Journal of Education Studies**

European Journal of Education Studies is an international peer reviewed publication that presents high quality, original and recent research focused on a wide range of thematic areas from traditional to contemporary, from formal education to alternative, examining and comparing various education policies, trends, reforms and programmes from different countries and cultures. Authors are strongly encouraged to employ a variety of theoretical and methodological tools in order to gain new insights by integrating different perspectives, social and cultural contexts, psychological aspects, alternative theories and techniques. European Journal of Education Studies is published monthly on-line in English, Spanish, Portuguese and Italian. Research papers accepted: articles, communications, intervention studies, study cases, book reviews, commentaries, short reports, etc. Printed copies of the journal are available on request. The research papers can be submitted on line at <a href="mailto:education@oapub.org">education@oapub.org</a> specifying the preferred journal.

### Vol 8, No 6 (2021)



### **Table of Contents**

### Articles

DIGCOMP KAI DIGCOMP EDU ΣΤΟ ΕΛΛΗΝΙΚΟ ΣΧΟΛΕΙΟ. ΠΛΑΙΣΙΟ ΨΗΦΙΑΚΩΝ ΙΚΑΝΟΤΗΤΩΝ ΣΤΟ ΕΛΛΗΝΙΚΟ ΝΗΠΙΑΓΩΓΕΙΟ / DIGCOMP AND DIGCOMP EDU IN GREEK SCHOOL DIGITAL COMPETENCIES FRAMEWORK IN GREEK KINDERGARTEN Paraskevi Foti	<u>PDF</u>
AN INSTRUCTIONAL SCENARIO (LESSON PLAN): THE IMPORTANCE OF ARTERIAL PULSE Eirini Vogiatzaki, Anastasia Nikolopoulou	PDF
STUDENTS' MALFEASANCE ACTS, CONSEQUENCES AND ADMINISTRATIVE APPROACHES IN PUBLIC SECONDARY SCHOOLS, DELTA STATE, NIGERIA Victor Chukwubueze Nkedishu	PDF
POLITICAL FOUNDATIONS OF SOCIAL STUDIES CURRICULA IN THE CONTEXT OF CITIZENSHIP EDUCATION IN TURKEY: GOVERNMENT PROGRAMS AND DEVELOPMENT PLANS Fadil Şiraz, Erdal Bay	<u>PDF</u>
PARENTAL INVOLVEMENT AND READING CULTURE AMONG SECONDARY SCHOOL STUDENTS CASE OF INTERNATIONAL SCHOOLS O. Davis Otieno, Andala Hesbon	<u>PDF</u>

Copyright © 2015-2018. European Journal of Education Studies (ISSN 2501 - 1111) is a registered trademark of Open Access Publishing Group. All rights reserved.

This journal is a serial publication uniquely identified by an International Standard Serial Number (<u>ISSN</u>) serial number certificate issued by Romanian National Library (<u>Biblioteca Nationala a Romaniei</u>). All the research works are uniquely identified by a <u>CrossRef DOI</u> digital object identifier supplied by indexing and repository platforms. All authors who send their manuscripts to this journal and whose articles are published on this journal retain full copyright of their articles. All the research works published on this journal are meeting the Open Access Publishing requirements and can be freely accessed, shared, modified, distributed and used in educational, commercial and non-commercial purposes under a Creative Commons Attribution 4.0 International License (CC BY 4.0).

This website makes use of cookies to enhance browsing experience and provide additional functionality. Details









ISSN 2501 - 1111 ISSN-L 2501 - 1111

### **Education Journals**

Alternative Education

European Journal of Open

### **Public Health** Journals

European Journal of Public

#### Social Sciences Journals

European Journal of Social Sciences Studies

European Journal of Economic and Financial Research

Management and Marketing Studies

<u>secan Journal of Huesource Management tudies</u> European Journal of Human

### Literature, Language and Linguistics Journals

European Journal of iterature, Language inguistics Studies

European Journal of Literary

uropean Journal of Multilingualism and Translation Studies



Manuscript submission

Contact us

Disallow cookies

Password
Remember me
JOURNAL CONTENT Search
Search Scope
Search
Drawaa



ARCHIVES ##EDITORIAL BOARD## **ABOUT** LOGIN SEARCH CURRENT

##INDEXING AND ABSTRACTING## ##AUTHOR'S GUIDELINES## ##COVERED RESEARCH ##ANNOUNCEMENTS## ##RELATED JOURNALS## ##MANUSCRIPT

SUBMISSION##

Home > About the Journal > Editorial Team

### **Editorial Team**

### Editor in Chief

<u>Ferdinand T. Abocejo</u>, Associate Professor V, Graduate School Core Faculty, Eastern Visayas State University (EVSU), Tacloban City, Philippines

### International Advisory Board - Europe

Omid Noroozi, Dr., Wageningen University and Research (WUR); Education and Learning, Wageningen, The Netherlands

Christos-Thomas Kechagias, Department of Primary Education, National and Kapodistrian University of Athens, Greece Zana Gavrilović, Associate Professor, Faculty of Philosophy, University of East Sarajevo, Bosnia and Herzegovina Branka Kovačević, Associate Professor, Department of Pedagogy, Faculty of Philosophy, University of East Sarajevo, Bosnia and Herzegovina

Mikanović, Associate Professor, Department of Pedagogy Faculty of Philosophy, University of Banja Luka, Bosnia and Herzegovina

and Herzegovina
Shkëlgim Millaku, Associate Professor, Faculty of Education and Philology, University of Prizren, Kosova
Beata Borowska-Beszta, Associate Professor, Faculty of Educational Sciences, Chair of Disability Studies and
Thanatopedagogics, Nicolaus Copernicus University, Torun, Poland
Marina Besi, Ministry of Education, Research and Religious Affairs, Director of Primary Education of Thesprotia, Greece
Sofia Stefanopoulou, Department of Primary Education, National and Kapodistrian University of Athens, Greece
Ivana Stepanović Ilić,
Research Associate and Head of the Institute of Psychology, Faculty of Philosophy, University of
Relorade, Sorbia

Beigrade, Serbia

<u>Ljupcho Kevereski</u>, PhD, Full-Time Professor, "St. Kliment Ohridski" University, Bitola, Macedonia

<u>Semir Sejtanić</u>, Dr.sc., Teaching Faculty, University "Džemal Bijedić", Mostar, Bosnia and Herzegovina

<u>Pavlović Ratko</u>, PhD, Associate Professor, Faculty of Physical Education and Sport, University of East Sarajevo, Bosnia
and Herzegovina

<u>Fatbardha Osmanaga</u>, Lecturer, Faculty of Educational Sciences, Department of Psychology-Social Work, University

Luigi Gurakuqi, Shkoder, Albania

Efrosyni-Alkisti Paraskevopoulou-Kollia, Adjunct assistant professor, Dr., Department of Computer Science and Biomedical Informatics, University of Thessaly, Greece

Miguel José Sardica Garcia de Castro, Polytechnic Institute of Portalegre, Portugal

Anastasia Alevriadou, Associate Professor, Cognitive Psychologist/Special Inclusive Education, Department of Early Childhood Education, University of Western Macedonia, Florina, Greece

Juliana Ajdini, Lecturer, Department of Social Work and Social Policy, University of Tirana, Tirana, Albania

Gezim Puka, Università di Scutari "Luigi Gurakuqi", Albania

Dr. Evanthia Tsaliki, Visiting Research Associate, UCL International Centre for Intercultural Studies, University of London. Department of Sciences of Education, European University of Cyprus, Cyprus

M. Elena Gómez Parra, PhD. Lecturer of English, Department of English and German Philology at the University of Rabije Murati, Associate Professor. Department of Pedagogy. Esynthesis (1971) Rabije Murati, Associate Professor, Department of Pedagogy, Faculty of Philosophy, State University of Tetova, Macedonia (FYROM)

Pranvera Kraja, Assistant Professor, Faculty of Educational Sciences, University of Shkodra, Albania
Raúl Quevedo-Blasco, Professor and researcher at the Mind, Brain and Behavior Research Center (CIMCYC), University of Granada, Spain

<u>Bujar Hoxha</u>, Associate Professor, Languages, Cultures and Communications, South East European University, Macedonia

Antonio Burgos-Garcia, Associate Professor, Member of Research Group FORCE (Curriculum and Teacher development), Department of Curriculum, Faculty of Educational Sciences, University of Granada, Granada, Spain

### International Advisory Board - Asia

Sibel Ergün Elverici, Yildiz Technical University, Turkey

Muhammad Kristiawan, Assistant Professor, Universitas Bengkulu, Bengkulu, Indonesia

Sefa Bulut, Head of Counseling Psychology and Guidance Program, Faculty of Educational Sciences, Ibn Haldun

University, Başakşehir, İstanbul, Turkey

Esra Dereli, Assoc. Prof. Dr., Eskişehir Osmangazi University, Turkey

Intakhab Alamkhan, Associate Professor, King Abdulaziz University, Jeddah, Saudi Arabia

Süleyman Göksov, Assoc. Prof. Dr., Faculty of Education, Educational Sciences, Educational Administration and

Supenyicin, University of Dürge, Pürge, Pürge

Supervision, University of Düzce, Düzce, Turkey
<a href="Harjeet Kaur Bhatia">Harjeet Kaur Bhatia</a>, Head, Department of Educational Studies, Jamia Millia Islamia, New Delhi, India
<a href="Asha Choubey">Asha Choubey</a>, Associate Professor of English, Head of Humanities Department, MJP Rohilkhand University, Bareilly, Uttar Pradesh, India

Asha Susan Jacob, Associate Professor, Head of the Department of English, St. Thomas College, Kozhencherry, Kerala,

India
Shorena Maglakelidze, Associate Professor, Ilia State University, Tbilisi, Georgia
Shuail Ahmed Khan, Principal, Marathwada College of Education, Aurangabad, Maharashtra, India
Rigieta Radinikuva Lord, University of Fiji, Lautoka, Fiji
Mustafa Zulkuf Altan, Department of Foreign Languages Education, Erciyes University, Turkey
Yalçın Dilekli, Assit. Prof. Dr., Education Faculty, Aksaray, Turkey
Ghulam Shabir, Prof. Dr., Chairman, Department of Communication Studies, Director Public Relations, Bahauddin
Zakariya University, Multan, Pakistan

Yusuf Sahin, Associate professor, Head of the Department, School of Foreign Languages, Giresun University, Giresun, Turkey, Turkey, Turkey, Nguyen Duc Thanh, Dr., Deputy Director of Physical and Defense Education Center, Head of Physical Education

Department; HCMC University of Technology and Education, Vietnam

Thingnam Nandalal Singh, Assistant Professor, Department of Physical Education, Panjab University, Chandigarh, India

Massoud Moslehpour, Assistant Professor, Department of Business Administration, Asia University (亞洲大學), Taichung,

Taiwan
Sunita Acharya, Lecturer in Education, Kalinga Institute of Social Sciences (KISS), KIIT, Bhubaneswar, Odisha, India
Semra Kiranli Güngör, Assist. Prof. Dr., Faculty of Education, Educational Sciences, Educational Administration
Department, University of Eskişehir Osmangazi, Eskişehir, Turkey
Armin Mahmoudi, Assistant Professor, Department of Psychology and Educational Science, Yasouj Branch, Islamic Azad
University, Yasouj, Iran
Yasin Aslan, Assistant Professor, Head of Department of Foreign Languages, Sinop University, Faculty of Education,
Sinop, Turkey
Piles of Nechari Pattanajik, Professor, School of Extension and Development Studies, Indica Gandhi National Open

Bikram Keshari Pattanaik, Professor, School of Extension and Development Studies, Indira Gandhi National Open

This website makes use of cookies to enhance browsing experience and provide additional functionality. Details

ISSN 2501 - 1111 ISSN-L 2501 - 1111

### **Education Journals**

European Journal of Special Education Research

European Journal of Alternative Education

European Journal of Open

### **Public Health Journals**

European Journal of Public

#### Social Sciences Journals

European Journal of Social Sciences Studies

European Journal of Economic and Financial Research

Management and Marketing Studies

<u>... Jean Journal of Hu</u> <u>lesource Management</u> <u>tudies</u>

### Literature, Language and Linguistics Journals

European Journal of iterature, Language inguistics Studies

uropean Journal of Literary

European Journal of Applied

uropean Journal of Multilingualism and Translation Studies



Manuscript submission

Contact us

Disallow cookies

Allow cookies

ien-Hui Chiang, Professor, Graduate Institute of Educational Leadership and Evaluation, South Taiwan University of Science and Technology, Tainan, Taiwan
Yesim Kesli Dollar, Assist. Prof., Dr. Yesim Kesli Dollar, Faculty of Educational Sciences at Bahcesehir University, Istanbul, Turkey

Normal University, Beijing, China (Cum), Reculty of Education, Beijing Normal University, Beijing, China (Cum), Macau (Cum Ankara, Turkey

Dhritiman Bhar, Librarian in AMRI Hospitals Limited, Kolkata, West Bengal, India

### International Advisory Board - Africa

Ambei Moses Chu, PhD, Curriculum and Pedagogy, The University of Bamenda, Cameroon Innocent Mutale Mulenga, The University of Zambia, School of Education, Department of Language and Social Sciences

Innocent Mutale Mu Education. Zambia James Ochieng Sika, Senior Lecturer, Dr., Department of Education Management and Foundation, Maseno University,

<u>nlègue Tchable</u>, Laboratoire de Recherches et en Linguistique, Psychologie et Sociétés (LaRELiPS), Université de Kara, Togo

Mekolle Prosper Mbelle, PhD, Department of Educational Foundations and Administration, Faculty of Education, University of Buea, Cameroon

Bouhadj Meziane, Institute of Sciences and Techniques of Physical and Sports Activities, University of Bouira, Bouira, Algeria

Mylliam Kwabena Nantwi, Department of Art Education (Head of Department and Member of Research Committee), Offinso College of Education, Offinso, Ashanti, Ghana Anne Syomwene Kisilu, Ph.D (Curriculum Studies), M. Phil (Curriculum Studies), B. Ed (English and Literature), Moi

University, Kenya

Thomas Kipkorir Ronoh, Deputy Director Examinations & Timetabling, and Senior Lecturer, Department of Psychology,

Counselling and Educational Foundations, Egerton University, Egerton, Kenya Rosemary Obiagaeri Ekechukwu, Dr. Department of Educational Psychology, Guidance and Counselling, Faculty of Education, University of Port Harcourt. Rivers State, Nigeria Richard Bukaliya, Professor, Faculty of Arts and Education, Zimbabwe Open University, Harare, Zimbabwe Nabwire Violet Kafwa Opata, Senior Lecturer, Department of Curriculum Instruction and Educational Media, School of Education, Moi University, Kenya Trust Nivorus Senior Lecturer, Department of Educational Studies, Zimbabwa, Open University, Harare, Zimbabwa

Trust Nyenya, Senior Lecturer, Department of Educational Studies, Zimbabwe, Open University, Harare, Zimbabwe Lydia Nkatha Kinuthia, Lecturer and Assistant Dean of Students, Faculty of Education and Community Studies, Department of Applied Community Development Studies, Egerton University, Egerton, Kenya

### International Advisory Board - North America

Arturo García-Santillán, Profesor investigador y Coordinador del Doctorado en Ciencias de la Administración, UCC Business School, Universidad Cristóbal Colón, México <a href="Let Mboga">Let Mboga</a>, Assistant Professor, William Paterson University, Wayne, NJ, USA

### International Advisory Board - South America

Ariadna Guaglianone, Secretaria de Investigación en Universidad Abierta Interamericana, Buenos Aires, Argentina Morela Mercedes Vizcaya Carrillo, Profesora Titular de la Universidad Pedagogica Experimental Libertador, Instituto Pedagogico Luis Beltran Prieto Figueroa (UPEL-IPB), Venezuela

Fabrício Aarão Freire Carvalho, Professor Adjunto II, Instituto de Ciências da Educação, Universidade Federal do Pará (ICED/UFPA), Belem, Pará, Brazil losimar De Sousa, Director of Facultadade Exact and Technological Sciences, Coordinator of the Study and Research

Center for Science and Mathematics Teaching, State University of Mato Grosso, Brazil

### Reviewers

Anurugwo Appolonia Osita, Lecturer, Department of Adult and Non-Formal Education, Alvan Ikoku Federal College of

Education, Owerri Imo State, Nigeria

Pramila Ramani, Assistant Professor, Navrachana University, Vasna Bhayli, Vadodara, Gujarat, India

Kaveri Sarkar, Associate Professor, Faculty of Economics, Gobardanga Hindu College, West Bengal State University, India

enwafor Justina Ifeyinwa, Senior Lecturer, Department of Vocational Education, Nnamdi Azikiwe University, Awka,

Vo Van Dung, Lecturer of Philosophy, Department of Pedagogy, University of Khanh Hoa, Khanh Hoa Province, Vietnam Ram Babu Pareek, Assistant Professor, Regional Institute of Education, Ajmer, Rajasthan, India Vanita Chopra, Assistant Professor (B.El.Ed), Gargi College, Department of Elementary Education, Delhi University, India

Engin Aslanargun, Associate Professor, Educational Administration and Supervision, Department of Educational Sciences, University of Düzce, Turkey

### Editors

ity Agbo, Senior Lecturer, PhD. Developmental Psychologist, Department of Educational Psychology, Federal

College of Education, Eha-Amufu, Enugu State, Nigeria
Lulezime Arbenita, Department of Education, Logos University, Tirana, Albania
Gianfranco Terlizzi, Dipartimento Scienze della Formazione, Psicologia, Comunicazione, Università degli Studi di Bari, Giant Italia

Copyright © 2015-2018. European Journal of Education Studies (ISSN 2501 - 1111) is a registered trademark of Open Access Publishing Group. All rights reserved.

This journal is a serial publication uniquely identified by an International Standard Serial Number (ISSN) serial number certificate issued by Romanian National Library (<u>Biblioteca Nationala a Romaniei</u>). All the research works are uniquely identified by a <u>CrossRef DOI</u> digital object identifier supplied by indexing and repository platforms. All authors who send their manuscripts to this journal and whose articles are published on this journal retain full copyright of their articles. All the research works published on this journal are meeting the Open Access Publishing requirements and can be freely accessed, shared, modified, distributed and used in educational, commercial and non-commercial purposes under a Creative Commons Attribution 4.0 International License (CC BY 4.0).



......





.....



Password Remember me Login JOURNAL CONTENT Search earch Scope All Search Browse

By Issue
By Author
By Title
Other Journal

This website makes use of cookies to enhance browsing experience and provide additional functionality. Details



HOME ABOUT LOGIN SEARCH

##INDEXING AND ABSTRACTING##

CURRENT ARCHIVES
##AUTHOR'S GUIDELINES##

##EDITORIAL BOARD##

ADEAC##

##ANNOUNCEMENTS##

##RELATED JOURNALS##

##COVERED RESEARCH
##MANUSCRIPT

SUBMISSION##

Home > Indexing and Abstracting

### **Indexing and Abstracting**

1. International Academic Databases and Academic Social Networks



Google Scholar is a freely accessible web search engine that indexes the full text or metadata of scholarly literature across an array of publishing formats and disciplines. Google Scholar index includes most peer-reviewed online journals of Europe and America's largest scholarly publishers, plus scholarly books and other non-peer reviewed journals. It contains roughly 160 million documents as of May 2014 and approximately 80-90% coverage of all articles published in English. Usually, a period of time, approximately 3-5 weeks, is required between the publication of the research and its indexation. Our indexed articles could be accessed here.



Microsoft Academic is a free public web search engine for academic publications and literature, developed by Microsoft Research. Re-launched in 2016, the tool features an entirely new data structure and search engine using semantic search technologies. It currently indexes over 375 million entities, 170 million of which are academic papers. The Academic Knowledge API offers information retrieval from the underlying database using REST endpoints for advanced research purposes. The service replaces the earlier Microsoft research project, Microsoft Academic Search, which ended development in 2012. Preliminary reviews by bibliometricians suggest the new Microsoft Academic Search is a competitor to Google Scholar, Web of Science, and Scopus for academic research purposes as well as citation analysis. Our indexed articles could be accessed <a href="here">here</a>.



In June 2014, Baidu launched **Baidu Scholar** with the aim of becoming the biggest research platform in China, and, through the acquisition of English language resources and publications, to become the best English language search platform in China. By the end of 2014, Baidu Scholar included hundreds of thousands of academic websites and had indexed over 100 million literature resources in total, providing free access to a huge amount of Chinese and foreign literature.Researchers are able to carry out an advanced search (by keyword, author, title and field), plus an advanced filter and ranking (by professional field, time, document type) to find the document that they want. Additionally, for each article, the author information and publication source are easy to view, making Baidu Scholar a very real rival to Google Scholar. Our indexed articles could be accessed <a href="https://example.com/heres/back-to-search-fired-new-f





ERIC (Education Resource Information Center) is an online library of education research and information, sponsored by the Institute of Education Sciences (IES) of the U.S. Department of Education. The Education Resource Information Center (ERIC) provides access to educational literature and resources. This database provides access to information from journals included in the Current Index of Journals in Education and Resources in Education Index. The submission/accessing procedure are not conditioned by the existence of an account. THE INDEXING IS A COMPLEX PROCEDURE, THE ARTICLES ARE REVIEWED BY ERIC, INDEXED AND CLASSIFIED BASED ON THIR EDUCATIONAL CONTENT, UNDER THEIR OWN KEYWORDS, ETC... USUALLY THE INDEXING TAKES BETWEEN 4 AND 6 WEEKS. ERIC INDEXED ARTICLES or ERIC.ED.GOV



The FP7 project **OpenAIRE** aimed to support the implementation of Open Access in Europe. It provides the means to promote and realize the widespread adoption of the Open Access Policy, as set out by the <u>ERC Scientific Council Guidelines for Open Access</u> and the <u>Open Access pilot launched by the European Commission</u>. Its successors OpenAIREplus was aimed at linking the aggregated research publications to the accompanying research and project information, datasets and author information. The goal is to make through the portal <u>www.openaire.eu</u>, as much European funded research output as possible available to all. This research output, whether it is publications, datasets or project information is not only accessible through the OpenAIRE portal, extra functionalities are also offered, such as statistics, reporting tools and widgets — making OpenAIRE a useful support service for researchers, coordinators and project managers. OpenAIRE relies heavily on a decentralized structure where there is a representation in all member states (the so-called NoADs or National Open Access Desks) who can give specialized advice. Our indexed articles could be accessed <u>here</u>.



ISSN 2501 - 1111 ISSN-L 2501 - 1111

#### **Education Journals**

European Journal Of
Physical Education and
Sport Science

<u>European Journal of Foreign</u> <u>Language Teaching</u>

European Journal of English Language Teaching

European Journal of Special

European Journal of Alternative Education

<u>European Journal of Open</u> <u>Education and E-learning</u> Studies

### Public Health Journals

European Journal of Public

European Journal of Fitness, Nutrition and Sport Medicine

<u>European Journal of</u> <u>Physiotherapy and</u> <u>Rehabilitation Studies</u>

### Social Sciences

European Journal of Social Sciences Studies

European Journal of Economic and Financial Research

<u>European Journal of</u>

<u>Management and Marketing</u>

<u>Studies</u>

European Journal of Human Resource Management Studies

European Journal of Politica

### Literature, Language and Linguistics Journals

European Journal of Literature, Language and Linguistics Studies

European Journal of Literary

European Journal of Applied

European Journal of Multilingualism and Translation Studies



Manuscript submission

Contact us

This website makes use of cookies to enhance browsing experience and provide additional functionality. Details

Disallow cookies

metadata about the coverage of the resources by indexing and abstracting databases, registries and journals indicators. They are downloadable as a MARC XML dump and will be available as RDF triples in 2014.



### ICDS = 2.5 (2016) / 2.8 (2017)

Updated annually, MIAR (a database of scientific resources developed by Universitat of Barcelona, Spain, Generalitat di Catalunya and Agencia di Gestio, d'Ajuts Universitaris e di Recerca, Spain) gathers key data for identification and analysis of journals. These are grouped into major scientific areas -subdivided turn in more specialist academic fields. The system creates a matrix of correspondence between journals, identified by ISSN, and databases, directories and library catalogs that indexed or included. In addition, the link to the websites of the publishers and makers of repertoires and sources indicated institutions is available whenever it. MIAR is a support tool for those who have to perform assessment work: now have data on the identity and dissemination of the journals in which the works are published under evaluation MIAR includes more than 28,000 publications, for each of which its presence and multidisciplinary repertoires BDD is analyzed and as a result their ICDS is obtained.







Zotero is free and open-source reference management software to manage bibliographic data and related research materials. Notable features include web browser integration, online syncing, generation of in-text citations, footnotes, and bibliographies, as well as integration with the word processors Microsoft Word, LibreOffice, OpenOffice.org Writer and NeoOffice. It is produced by the Center for History and New Media of George Mason University, United States of America. Our profile could be accessed here



**Zenodo** is an online digital repository where researchers can preserve and share their research outputs, including figures, datasets, images, and videos. It is free to upload content and free to access, in adherence to the principle of open data. It was created by <a href="OpenAIRE">OpenAIRE</a> and <a href="CERN">CERN</a> to provide a place for researchers to deposit datasets.



**Calaméo** is a free document publishing platform that creates interactive web publications in real time. It allows following the evolution of the shared document by counting the readers. Our profile could be accessed <a href="here">here</a>.



The goal of **Vixra** is to enable anyone to distribute their works of science and mathematics irrespective of their status or affiliations. Vixra is recording and time-stamping submissions and replacements so that the authors can use the information to establish the priority of their discoveries. The URL link to the abstract page can be used as a fixed reference and will remain open access to anyone with an internet connection. By providing this simple service viXra is supporting a growing community of scientists and mathematicians who are excluded from other repositories. Their output through viXra is about 4% of the quantity of submissions of arXiv (the biggest official academic repository.)



CiteUlike is a web service which allows users to save and share citations to academic papers. Based on the principle of social bookmarking, the site works to promote and to develop the sharing of scientific references amongst researchers. When browsing issues of research journals, small scripts stored in bookmarks (bookmarklets) allow one to import articles from repositories like PubMed, and CiteULike supports many more. Then the system attempts to determine the article metadata (title, authors, journal name, etc.) automatically. Users can organize their libraries with freely chosen tags and this produces a folksonomy of academic interests. Our profile could be accessed here.



**ERIH** (European Reference Index for the Humanities) is an index containing bibliographic information on academic journals in the humanities and social sciences. It has been called "the most important and prestigious reference index in the European Union when it comes to international quality and impact accreditation for scientific **journals in the areas of Humanities and Social Sciences**". The index includes all journals that meet the following requirements: "explicit procedures for external peer review; an academic editorial board, with members affiliated with universities or other independent research organizations; a valid ISSN code, confirmed by the international ISSN register; abstracts in English and/or another international language relevant for the field for all published articles; information on author affiliations and addresses; a maximum two thirds of the authors published in the journal from the same institution". ERIH was originally established by the European Science Foundation and was transferred to the Norwegian Social Science Data Services in 2014, mainly because it already operates the Norwegian Scientific Index. At the same time it was extended to also include social science disciplines and renamed ERIH PLUS. The list with the approved publications could be accesed here.



**BibSonomy** is a social bookmarking and publication-sharing system. It aims to integrate the features of bookmarking systems as well as team-oriented publication management. BibSonomy offers users the ability to store and organize their bookmarks and publication entries and supports the integration of different communities and people by offering a social platform for literature exchange. Both bookmarks and publication entries can be tagged to help structure and re-find information. As the descriptive terms can be freely chosen, the assignment of tags from different users creates a spontaneous, uncontrolled vocabulary: a folksonomy. It is developed and operated by the KDE group of the University of Kassel, the DMIR group of the University of Wurzburg, Germany. Some samples of our submitted research could be found here: 1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10.

This website makes use of cookies to enhance browsing experience and provide additional functionality. Details



Disallow cookies

Password
Remember me
JOURNAL CONTENT
Search
Search Scope All  Search

Browse

- By Issue

Continued support of this work remains a cornerstone of the Open Archives program. Over time, however, the work of OAI has expanded to promote broad access to digital resources for eScholarship, eLearning, and eScience. The Open Archive Initiative project is developed by Cornell University, USA. The profiles of our journals could be accessed here: EJES, EJPESS, EJFLT, EJELT, EJSER, EJAE, EJOEES.



**Journal Index** (ScopeMed JournalIndex.net) is a directory database service offered by ScopeMed that stores journals data and allows searching by various criteria: name, research area, country, language. It contains more than 9900 journals (March 31, 2016). The profiles of our journals could be accessed here: <u>EJES</u>, <u>EJPESS</u>, EJFLT, EJELT, <u>EJSER</u>, EJAE, EJOEES.



**AcademicKeys** is the premier source for academic employment. Our 18 discipline-focused sites offer comprehensive information about faculty, educational resources, research interests, and professional activities pertinent to institutions of higher education. More than 89% of the top 120 universities (as ranked by US News and World Report) are posting their available higher ed jobs with AcademicKeys.com. Our profiles could be accessed on the social sciences section (searching by publisher, ISSN or name of the journal) <a href="https://example.com/here/be/here/be/here/here/be/h



The **Electronic Journals Library** (EZB) is a service to facilitate the use of scholarly journals on the internet. It offers a fast, structured and unified interface to access full-text articles online. It comprises 85027 titles from all areas of research, 16697 of which are available online only. In addition, 88009 journals, which are provided by aggregators, are listed. The EZB contains 52639 journals which are accessible free of charge to anyone. Furthermore, the participating libraries provide their users access to the journals they subscribe to. The journals are presented in lists sorted by research area. An updated list is generated by the database according to the member library's specifications each time it is accessed. The availability of full-text access is indicated by traffic-light symbols according to the license situation of each member library. The Electronic Journals Library project is developed by Regensburg University, Germany. The profiles of our journals could be accessed here: **EJES, EJPESS, EJFLT, EJELT, EJSER, EJAE, EJOEES**.



**BASE** (Bielefeld Academic Search Engine) is one of the world's most voluminous search engines, especially for academic open access web resources. BASE is operated by Bielefeld University Library, Germany. It facilitates effective and targeted searches and retrieves high quality, academically relevant results. The articles metadata is harvested periodically, a period of around 2-4 weeks could occur between the publication and indexing. Samples of our submitted research could be find here: 1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10. or with a verbatim search.



**DataCite** is an international not-for-profit organization which aims to improve data citation in order to establish easier access to research data on the Internet, increase acceptance of research data as legitimate, citable contributions to the scholarly record and support data archiving that will permit results to be verified and re-purposed for future study. DataCite was subsequently founded in London on 1 December 2009 by organisations from 6 countries: the British Library; the Technical Information Center of Denmark (DTIC); the TU Delft Library from the Netherlands; the National Research Council's Canada Institute for Scientific and Technical Information (NRC-CISTI); the California Digital Library (University of California Curation Center); Purdue University (USA) and the German National Library of Science and Technology (TIB). Samples of our submitted research could be found here: 1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10.



Genamics JournalSeek is an online database covering academic journals. The JournalSeek database contains 104166 journals from 6434 different publishers (February 2016). The database includes journal descriptions and links to the journals' homepages. Journal information includes the description (aims and scope), journal abbreviation, journal homepage link, subject category, and ISSN. Searching this information allows the rapid identification of potential journals to publish your research in, as well as allow you to find new journals of interest to your field.Our profiles could be accessed here: EJES, EJPE, EJSER,

### 2. Impact Factor



**CiteFactor** is a service that provides access to quality controlled Open Access Journals. The Directory indexing of journal aims to be comprehensive and cover all open access scientific and scholarly journals that use an appropriate quality control system, and it will not be limited to particular languages or subject areas. The aim of the Directory is to increase the visibility and ease of use of open access scientific and scholarly journals thereby promoting their increased usage and impact. (**Impact Factor under evaluation**)



### Impact factor = 3.719 (2016)

ResearchBib (Research Bible) is open access with high standard indexing database for researchers and publishers. The Journal Database contains 420,000+ journals from different publishers, which includes the title, abbreviation, journal host url, index, publisher, description (aims and scope), online issn and print ISSN etc.Research Bible may freely index journals, research papers, call for papers, research position. Journal Database try to cover all open access scientific and scholarly journals that use an appropriate quality control system, and it will not be limited to particular languages or subject areas. An Impact Factor based on citations, article reviews, accessings and number of published articles is calculated every year for every journal submitted. The profiles of our journals can be accessed here: EJES A ResearchBib free account is required in order to access the profiles.



### Impact factor = 0.101 (2017)

OAJI (Open Academic Journals Index) is a full-text database of open-access scientific journals founded by International Network Center for Fundamental and Applied Research, Russian Federation. It s19tores more than 78 000 articles from 2100 journals from 90 countries. Δ Journal Impact Factor is calculated yearly based on previous

This website makes use of cookies to enhance browsing experience and provide additional functionality. Details

Disallow cookies



**JournalTOCs** is a Current Awareness Service (CAS) where you can discover the newest papers coming directly from the publishers as soon as they have been published online. It is one of the biggest searchable collections of scholarly journal Tables of Contents (TOCs). It contains articles' metadata of TOCs for over 27,299 journals directly collected from over 2824 publishers (February 2016). It is a project of School of Mathematical and Computer Sciences, Heriot-Watt University, Edinburgh, United Kingdom.



**SHERPA/RoMEO** is a database service run by SHERPA (Joint Information Systems Committee, United Kingdom, University of Nottingham, United Kingdom and University of Lund, Sweden) aimed to show the copyright and open access self-archiving policies of academic journals. The database uses a color-coding scheme to classify publishers according to their self-archiving policy. This shows authors whether the journal allows pre-print or post-print archiving in their copyright transfer agreements. It currently holds records for over 22,000 journals (February 2016).

Further Indexation and Abstracting are in process.

Copyright © 2015-2018. European Journal of Education Studies (ISSN 2501 - 1111) is a registered trademark of Open Access Publishing Group. All rights reserved.

This journal is a serial publication uniquely identified by an International Standard Serial Number (<u>ISSN</u>) serial number certificate issued by Romanian National Library (<u>Biblioteca Nationala a Romaniei</u>). All the research works are uniquely identified by a <u>CrossRef DOI</u> digital object identifier supplied by indexing and repository platforms. All authors who send their manuscripts to this journal and whose articles are published on this journal retain full copyright of their articles. All the research works published on this journal are meeting the <u>Open Access Publishing</u> requirements and can be freely accessed, shared, modified, distributed and used in educational, commercial and non-commercial purposes under a <u>Creative Commons Attribution 4.0 International License (CC BY 4.0)</u>.











HOME ABOUT LOGIN

SEARCH CURRENT ARCHIVES ##EDITORIAL BOARD##

##INDEXING AND ABSTRACTING## ##ANNOUNCEMENTS##

##AUTHOR'S GUIDELINES## ##RELATED JOURNALS##

##COVERED RESEARCH ##MANUSCRIPT

SUBMISSION##

Home > About the Journal > Journal Contact

### Journal Contact

### Mailing Address

**Open Access Publishing Group** Moinest Street, Nr. 40 061231, Bucharest, Romania

Nita Constantin Trifon Emil I.I. RO29354723 Str. Rosiori de Vede, Nr. 1, Ap 58, Bucharest, 061203

Romania Phone: 0040724511635 Email: contact@oapub.org

### **Principal Contact**

**Constantin Emil** 

Executive managing editor Phone: +040724511635 Email: editor@oapub.org

### Support Contact

**Constantin Emil** 

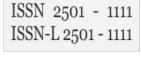
Copyright © 2015-2018. European Journal of Education Studies (ISSN 2501 - 1111) is a registered trademark of Open Access Publishing Group. All rights reserved.

This journal is a serial publication uniquely identified by an International Standard Serial Number (<u>ISSN</u>) serial number certificate issued by Romanian National Library (<u>Biblioteca Nationala a Romaniei</u>). All the research works are uniquely identified by a <u>CrossRef DDI</u> digital object identifier supplied by indexing and repository platforms. All authors who send their manuscripts to this journal and whose articles are published on this journal retain full copyright of their articles. All the research works published on this journal are meeting the <u>Open Access Publishing</u> requirements and can be feebly accessed. be freely accessed, shared, modified, distributed and used in educational, commercial and non-commercial purposes under a <u>Creative Commons Attribution 4.0 International License (CC BY 4.0)</u>.









### **Education Journals**

Alternative Education

European Journal of Open

### **Public Health** Journals

European Journal of Public

#### Social Sciences **Journals**

European Journal of Social Sciences Studies

European Journal of Economic and Financial Research

Management and Marketing Studies

Journal of Hu Resource Management Studies

### Literature, Language and Linguistics Journals

European Journal of <u>iterature, Language</u> <u>inguistics Studies</u>

uropean Journal of Literary

uropean Journal of Multilingualism and Translation Studies



Manuscript submission

Contact us

Disallow cookies

Allow cookies

This website makes use of cookies to enhance browsing experience and provide additional functionality. Details

Password
Remember me
JOURNAL CONTENT Search
Search Scope
Search
Drawaa



ISSN 2501 - 1111

ISSN-L 2501 - 1111

**Education Journals** 

European Journal of Open Education and E-learning

<u>European Journal of Public</u> <u>Health Studies</u>

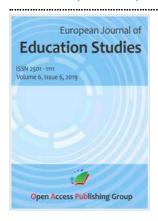
**Public Health** Journals

ABOUT LOGIN SEARCH CURRENT ARCHIVES ##EDITORIAL BOARD## ##INDEXING AND ABSTRACTING## ##AUTHOR'S GUIDELINES## ##COVERED RESEARCH AREAS## ##ANNOUNCEMENTS## ##RELATED JOURNALS## ##MANUSCRIPT

SUBMISSION##

Home > Archives > Volume 6, Issue 6, 2019

### Volume 6, Issue 6, 2019



### **Table of Contents**

NATURE AND SCIENCE CAMP"

Sibel Acisli, Hatice Kumandas

		ricular Stadies
Articles		European Journal of Fitness, Nutrition and Sport Medicine
PREVENTION PROGRAMS FOR THE DEVELOPMENT OF SOCIAL-EMOTIONAL LEARNING IN PRESCHOOL YEARS PINAR AKSOY	PDF	Studies <u>European Journal of</u>
INCIDENCE OF INDISCIPLINARY BEHAVIOUR AMONG STUDENTS IN SENIOR HIGH SCHOOLS IN BANTAMA SUB-METROPOLITAN SCHOOLS IN THE KUMASI DISTRICT OF GHANA	PDF	Physiotherapy and Rehabilitation Studies
Cecijoe Asiedu-Yirenkyi		Social Sciences
CHEMISTRY WITH METAPHORS: CASE OF KOCAELI (TURKEY) VOCATIONAL SCHOOL Serpil Özkurt Sivrikaya	PDF	Journals
ADOPTION OF INTERNATIONAL PUBLIC SECTOR ACCOUNTING STANDARDS IN FINANCIAL REPORTING BY ACCOUNT OFFICERS IN TERTIARY INSTITUTIONS IN SOUTH-EAST, NIGERIA Chinyere Genevive Odimmega, C. C. Okolocha	PDF	European Journal of Social Sciences Studies European Journal of
THE EFFECT OF TEACHERS' WORK-LIFE BALANCE ON ORGANIZATIONAL CITIZENSHIP BEHAVIOR	PDF	Economic and Financial Research
Mehmet Akif Helvaci, Nazmi Eker		European Journal of Management and Marketing
THE RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN FIRST LANGUAGE AND CULTURE IN LEARNING AND TEACHING SISWATI AS A FIRST LANGUAGE SIMILE Tenele Shongwe, Sithulisiwe Bhebhe, Zodwa G. Nxumalo	PDF	Studies  European Journal of Human Resource Management
ATTITUDES AND PERCEPTIONS OF PEDAGOGICAL FORMATION PHYSICAL EDUCATION STUDENTS ABOUT WEB 2.0 TOOLS AND FACTORS FOR SUCCESSFUL ADAPTATION OF THESE TOOLS Kürsat Arslan	PDF	Studies  European Journal of Political Science Studies
PRODUCT-BASED, PROCESS-BASED, AND GENRE-BASED INSTRUCTIONS IN EXPOSITORY WRITING: FOCUSING ON EFL LEARNERS' PERFORMANCE AND STRATEGY USE Mojgan Rashtchi, Reza Porkar, Seyyede Fateme Ghazi Mir Saeed	PDF	Literature, Language and Linguistics
THE INFLUENCE OF BLENDED LEARNING-BASED GUIDED INQUIRY LEARNING MODEL AND SELF EFFICACY ON STUDENTS' SCIENTIFIC LITERACY M. Mutmainah, Enos Taruh, Nurhayati Abbas, Masri Kudrat Umar	PDF	Journals  European Journal of Literature, Language and
HOW PARENTAL INVOLVEMENT IN ACTIVITIES AT SCHOOL INFLUENCES CHILDREN'S LEARNING OUTCOMES IN MBOONI EAST SUB COUNTY, MAKUENI COUNTY, KENYA Judith M. Mwania, Peter Kibet Koech, Wycliffe Amukowa	PDF	<u>Linguistics Studies</u> <u>European Journal of Literary</u> <u>Studies</u>
AN EXAMINATION OF MULTIDIMENSIONAL SPORTSPERSONSHIP ORIENTATION LEVELS OF PROFESSIONAL ATHLETES  Çağatay Dereceli	PDF	European Journal of Applied Linguistics Studies European Journal of
THE INFLUENCE OF LEARNING MOTIVATION ON BASIC CONCEPTS OF NATURAL SCIENCES LEARNING OUTCOMES Irvin Novita Arifin, Sarson W. Dj. Pomalato, Ishak Isa, Opir Rumape	PDF	Multilingualism and Translation Studies
INVESTIGATION OF THREE DIMENSIONAL SPATIAL ABILITY LEVELS Serpii Özkurt Sivrikaya	PDF	<u> </u>
PRINCIPALS' PERCEPTION OF CHALLENGES UNDERMINING EFFECTIVE IMPLEMENTATION OF FREE SECONDARY EDUCATION IN LIKUYANI SUB-COUNTY, KENYA Violet Wepukhulu, John Kiumi Kanjogu, M. Ngunjiri	PDF	Article template

This website makes use of cookies to enhance browsing experience and provide additional functionality. Details

MIDDLE SCHOOL STUDENTS' IMAGES OF SCIENTISTS AFTER A PROJECT CALLED "ARTVIN

MALI'S EDUCATIONAL SYSTEM: AN OVERVIEW OF MATHEMATICS CURRICULUM IN MALI, FROM KINDERGARTEN TO SECONDARY SCHOOL

Contact us Disallow cookies

Manuscript submission

PDF

PDF

PUBLIC UNIVERSITIES IN KENYA		Password
Musera Geoffrey Ababu		Remember me
THE IMPACT OF TEACHERS' ROLES ON CHILDREN'S ENGAGEMENT IN OUTDOOR PLAY IN	PDF	
KWALE COUNTY, KENYA		Login
Elisha K. Philip, Esther N. Waithaka		
GENDER VARIATION IN READING HABITS IN SCHOOLS IN MOLAND, GHANA: A CASE STUDY	PDF	JOURNAL CONTENT
SENDER VARIATION IN REDUITION THE SIN SCHOOLS IN MICENIE, GITANA. A CASE STOUT	FDI	Search
Samuel Ameyaw, Sylvester Kwabena Anto		
		Search Scope
BASICS OF STUDYING MODEL FOR A DIRECT CURRENT MOTOR USING CONTROL ANALYSIS	PDF	All 💙
METHODS  N. Fusun Oyman Serteller		Search
N. Fasan Gyman Serceici		
INFLUENCE OF HOME ENVIRONMENT THROUGH PARENTAL INVOLVEMENT ON PUPILS'	PDF	Browse
ACADEMIC PERFORMANCE IN PUBLIC PRIMARY SCHOOLS IN AINABKOI SUB-COUNTY KENYA		By Issue
Petrolina Kaptich, Jennifer K. Munyua, Henry Kiptiony Kiplangat		<ul><li>By Author</li><li>By Title</li></ul>
AN INVESTIGATION IN TO THE STATUS OF KENYA'S INFORMATION COMMUNICATION	PDF	Other Journals
TECHNOLOGY (ICT) POLICY IN THE EDUCATION SYSTEM		
Paul Muga Obonyo		
A PERCEPTION-BASED VIEW OF EMPLOYEES AND STRATEGIC PLAN IMPLEMENTATION IN	PDF	
PUBLIC TECHNICAL AND VOCATIONAL EDUCATION TRAINING INSTITUTIONS IN KENYA		
Kipkirui Joseph Rono, Emily Bomet, Laban Ayiro		
VALIDITY OF EDUCATIONAL RESEARCH AND EVALUATION IN NIGERIA	PDF	
P. U. Osadebe, P. J. Koolovie	FDI	
LES VESTIGES DU BET : UNE ÉLABORATION MÉTHODIQUE ET DIDACTIQUE QUI TÉMOIGNE DE	PDF	
L'OCCUPATION HUMAINE DU NORD DU TCHAD		
Nankara Clison, Ndigmbayel Reoular Urbain		

Copyright © 2015-2018. **European Journal of Education Studies** (ISSN 2501 - 1111) is a registered trademark of **Open Access Publishing Group**. All rights reserved.

This journal is a serial publication uniquely identified by an International Standard Serial Number (<u>ISSN</u>) serial number certificate issued by Romanian National Library (<u>Biblioteca Nationala a Romanie</u>). All the research works are uniquely identified by a <u>CrossRef DOI</u> digital object identifier supplied by indexing and repository platforms. All authors who send their manuscripts to this journal and whose articles are published on this journal retain full copyright of their articles. All the research works published on this journal are meeting the <u>Open Access Publishing</u> requirements and can be freely accessed, shared, modified, distributed and used in educational, commercial and non-commercial purposes under a <u>Creative Commons Attribution 4.0 International License (CC BY 4.0)</u>.











HOME **ABOUT** 

LOGIN ##INDEXING AND ABSTRACTING##

SEARCH

ARCHIVES

##EDITORIAL BOARD##

AREAS##

##ANNOUNCEMENTS##

##RELATED JOURNALS##

##AUTHOR'S GUIDELINES##

##COVERED RESEARCH

##MANUSCRIPT

SUBMISSION##

CURRENT

Home > Volume 6, Issue 6, 2019 > Arifin

### THE INFLUENCE OF LEARNING MOTIVATION ON BASIC CONCEPTS OF NATURAL SCIENCES LEARNING OUTCOMES

Irvin Novita Arifin, Sarson W. Dj. Pomalato, Ishak Isa, Opir Rumape

### Abstract

The objective of this study is to explore the influence of learning motivation on students' learning outcomes in Basic The objective of this study is to explore the influence of learning motivation on students' learning outcomes in Basic Concepts of Natural Sciences 2. This survey research was conducted in the Department of Elementary Teacher Education, Faculty of Education, Universitas Negeri Gorontalo. The data from questionnaires and evaluation tests were further analyzed by using descriptive and inferential analysis with path analysis approach. The population consisted of all 202 undergraduate students in the previously mentioned department; further, only 130 of them were selected as the research sample. The study finds that learning motivation directly and positively influences the learning outcomes of the students in the subject mentioned above. Such a finding indicates that students with high learning motivation are more likely to enhance their academic performance, thus attaining the learning goals easily. This situation is because the encouragement in learning which drives the students to perform all-out in a particular subject, accomplishing the subject according to the timeframe and be responsible throughout the course to meet the learning objectives. In other words, bind learning motivation ensures the probability to improve the learning outcomes of the objectives. In other words, high learning motivation ensures the probability to improve the learning outcomes of the students in the subject mentioned above. This finding indicates that students with high learning motivation are more likely to enhance their academic performance, thus attaining the learning goals easily.

### Article visualizations:



### Keywords

motivation, learning outcomes, natural sciences

### Full Text:

PDF

### References

Abdurrahman (2015). Guru IPA sebagai motivator, Media akademi, Yogyakarta.

Dalton S. S. (2017). Pengajaran yang efektif bagi semua pebelajar, Indeks, Jakarta.

Fatona, dkk (2014). Pembelajaran IPA, Ombak, Yogyakarta.

Grafura, Lubis, et al (2016). 100 masalah pembelajaran, Ar-ruzz media, Yogyakarta.

Gredler E. M. (2011). Learning and intruction teori dan aplikasi edisi keenam, Kencana prenada media group, Jakarta.

Ifenthaler D. (2011). Multiple Perspectives on Problem Solving and Learning in the Digital Age. Spinger. Germany.

Jihad, Asep, et. al (2012). Evaluasi pembelajaran, Multi pressindo, Yogyakarta.

Jufri W. (2013). Belajar dan pembelajaran IPA, Pustaka reka cipta, Bandung.

-----, (2017). Belajar dan pembelajaran IPA, Pustaka reka cipta, Bandung.

Mairingin P. J. (2017). Statistika pendidikan konsep & penerapannya menggunakan minitab dan Microsoft Excel, Cv. Andi Offset, Yokyakarta.

Pellegrino J. W. (2006). Rethingking and Redesigning Curriculum, Instruction and assessment: What Contemporary Research and Theory Suggests. National Center

Roschelle J. (1999). Prior Knowledge, Exploratorium, San Francisco

Sagala S., (2010). Konsep dan makna pembelajaran, Alfabeta, Bandung.

Sanjaya W. (2008). Kurikulum dan pembelajaran Teori dan praktek pengembangan kurikulumcan tingkat satuan pembelajarn, Kencana, Jakarta

Sardian (2014). Interaksi & Motivasi Belajar Mengajar, Raja Grafindo Persada, Jakarta.

Santrock J. W. (1999). Lifespan development, McGraw-Hill, Boston.

Sary E. N. Y. (2015). Psikologi pendidikan, Parama publishing, Yogyakarta.

Slavin E. R. (2017). Psikologi pendidikan, Indeks, Jakarta barat.

-----, (2001). Educational Psychology, McGraw-Hill, Boston.

Suryabrata S. (1982). Psikologi Belajar, Departemen Pendidikan dan Kebudayaan, Jakarta.

Susanto A. (2013). Teori belajar dan pembelajaran di sekolah dasar, Kencana, Jakarta.

ABOUT THE AUTHORS

Irvin Novita Arifin Doctor Candidate of Natural Sciences Program, Universitas Negeri Gorontalo, Indonesia

Sarson W. Dj. Pomalato Professor , Universitas Negeri Gorontalo, Indonesia

Professor , Universitas Negeri Gorontalo, Indonesia

*Opir Rumape* Professor , Universitas Negeri Gorontalo, Indonesia

ARTICLE TOOLS

Print this article



How to cite item

ISSN 2501 - 1111 ISSN-L 2501 - 1111

### **Education Journals**

European Journal Of Physical Education ar

uropean Journal of Foreign

European Journal of English

European Journal of Special

### **Public Health** Journals

Physiotherapy and

### Social Sciences **Journals**

European Journal of Social Sciences Studies

European Journal of Political

Disallow cookies

This website makes use of cookies to enhance browsing experience and provide additional functionality. Details Allow cookies

### Refbacks

• There are currently no refbacks.

Copyright (c) 2019 Irvin Novita Arifin, Sarson W. Dj. Pomalato, Ishak Isa, Opir Rumape



This work is licensed under a Creative Commons Attribution 4.0 International License.

Copyright © 2015-2018. European Journal of Education Studies (ISSN 2501 - 1111) is a registered trademark of Open Access Publishing Group. All rights reserved.

This journal is a serial publication uniquely identified by an International Standard Serial Number (<u>ISSN</u>) serial number certificate issued by Romanian National Library (<u>Biblioteca Nationala a Romaniei</u>). All the research works are uniquely identified by a <u>CrossRef DOI</u> digital object identifier supplied by indexing and repository platforms. All authors who send their manuscripts to this journal and whose articles are published on this journal retain full copyright of their articles. All the research works published on this journal are meeting the <u>Open Access Publishing</u> requirements and can be freely accessed, shared, modified, distributed and used in educational, commercial and non-commercial purposes under a <u>Creative Commons Attribution 4.0 International License (CC BY 4.0)</u>.









Linguistics Studies

European Journal of Literary

European Journal of Applied Linguistics Studies

European Journal of Multilingualism and Translation Studies

Article template

### Manuscript submission

### Contact us

USER
Username
Password
Remember me
JOURNAL CONTENT
Search
Search Scope All Search
Browse

- By Issue
- By Autho
- By Title
- Other lournals



### Journal of Education, Society and Behavioural Science

30(4): 1-12, 2019; Article no.JESBS.49330

ISSN: 2456-981X

(Past name: British Journal of Education, Society & Behavioural Science,

Past ISSN: 2278-0998)

### The Earthquake Song to Improve Early Childhood's English Vocabularies in Indonesia

Pupung Puspa Ardini<sup>1\*</sup>, Mohamad Topan Riswan Hela<sup>1</sup>, Hijrah Syahputra<sup>2</sup>, Rapi Us Djuko<sup>1</sup>, Irvin Novita Arifin<sup>1</sup> and Sri Wahyuningshih Laiya<sup>1</sup>

<sup>1</sup>Early Childhood Education Department, Universitas Negeri Gorontalo Jalan Jenderal Sudirman Number 6, Gorontalo, 96128, Indonesia. <sup>2</sup>Public Vocational High School of Gorontalo, Indonesia.

### Authors' contributions

This work was carried out in collaboration among all authors. Author PPA designed the study, performed the statistical analysis, wrote the protocol and wrote the first draft of the manuscript. Author MTRH wrote the first draft of manuscript and created the treatment of research. Author HS designed the flowchart of video and managed the analyses of the study. Author RUD managed the analyses of the study. Authors INA and SWL did the validity test. All authors managed the literature searches, read and approved the final manuscript.

### **Article Information**

DOI: 10.9734/JESBS/2019/v30i430136

Editor(s)

(1) Dr. Oyedunni Arulogun, Professor, Department of Health Promotion and Education, University of Ibadan, Nigeria.

Reviewers:

(1) Saidna Zulfiqar Bin Tahir, Universitas Igra Buru, Indonesia.

(2) E. Seda KOÇ, Turkey.

(3) Marcelo Simões Mendes, University of Sorocaba, Brazil.

Complete Peer review History: http://www.sdiarticle3.com/review-history/49330

Short Research Article

Received 25 March 2019 Accepted 03 June 2019 Published 18 June 2019

### **ABSTRACT**

The research was conducted with the aim to know the effect of music and movement on the vocabulary abilities of english words of early childhood in kindergarten of children 5-6 years old in Indonesia. This is an experimental research using pretest-posttest design. This research was conducted On January and early February 2019. The subjects of this study were group B, which amounted to 30 children 16 boys and 14 girls. The object of this research is the ability of english vocabulary in children, the data about the ability of english vocabulary of children through giving the performance assessment instruments. From the results of the research obtained, the influence between music and movement on the english vocabulary abilities of children with PV values = 5.311 with a total R-value of 68 or 0.683 r is higher than r-total using polled variance with a significance level of 5% or 0, 05. While the results of the t-test show that the value of t = -8.34 and t-table 0.683,

in other words, the t-score is higher than the t-table or p-value> alpha then H0 is rejected or Ha is accepted. There is an influence of motion and song on children's vocabulary abilities in kindergarten of children 5-6 years old. Through music and movement, children can learn vocabulary effectively and concretely. Children do every component of language, listening, speaking, reading, and writing also moving.

Keywords: Early childhood; English; vocabulary skills; movement; song; 5-6 years old.

### 1. INTRODUCTION

Education is very important for human because the essence of education is not only about learning but how we can implement the values in life. According to UNESCO, Education should be built on four pillars, namely learning to know, learning to do, learning to be, and learning to live together. In essence, the human learning process must last throughout life [1]. Education must be done from an early age to create the best quality generation and has a strong character. So that, children need the early childhood education.

Early childhood education is an education which is the first education or foundation of the pillars that will be faced for the children of the nation. Education must be achieved well with existing harmony. Early childhood education is done to improve the quality of education in Indonesia and by anticipating a large number of children who experience school dropouts. It can cause a number of trigger factors for children not to develop according to their stages. The era of Globalization is the period or period of time for the process of disseminating new elements, especially those concerning information globally through print and electronic media [2]. Globalization is formed by progress in the world of communication. There are also those that define globalization as the loss of space and time due to advances in information technology. The progress of science and technology accompanied by the progress of globalization of the world has its own impact on the world of education. Personal Growth conducted a small survey of MEA and Indonesia with a total of 46 Indonesian citizens (WNI), the majority of whom were domiciled in Jakarta with ages ranging from 15 to > 56 years. As a result, 65% of respondents said Indonesia was not ready to face the MEA, 26% of respondents said Indonesia was ready to face the MEA, and 9% of other respondents answered others (do not know, or 50-50). Respondents considered that Indonesian unpreparedness was caused by several factors. among others: Lack of a sense of nationalism towards Indonesia, Human Resources (HR) Indonesia was not yet competent: the level of education, especially in the use of English, community skills was not evenly distributed. This is characterized by the pleasure of complaining without seeking a solution, unsupportive in competition, narrow mindset, corruption, dishonesty, laziness, undisciplined, not knowing to maintain and respect Natural Resources (SDA), more consumptive than productive.

The concept of early childhood education in Indonesia includes education from the age of birth to six years. So it might be more appropriate to say education before childhood. Before the age of two, his name was not a child but informed. In the United States, early childhood education up to the age of seven to eight years old or until the third grade of elementary school. Entering in the era of globalization, English is not considered something foreign to education in Indonesia. In the past English was considered a difficult subject to understand. However, along with technological developments that demand the need to master English, the curriculum in the world of education began to change. English, which was initially introduced to junior high school students, has now been introduced to elementary school students even students who are still in kindergarten or playgroup have been introduced to this foreign language even though the learning context is still learning while playing [3].

Learning English as a second language needs to be studied from an early age before individuals enter puberty. If you have reached puberty there will be many obstacles that are faced so that the results obtained are not optimal, especially in mastering the pronunciation of pronouncing the foreign language [4]. English is a foreign language so the learning process must be done in stages which are appropriate to the age of the child. In addition, a pleasant learning situation must be the main concern in the success of a learning process. Child development if it is connected with music and movement by earthquake song in the English version for children, it will be more directed and accustomed if the stimulation is balanced and moreover it has become a habit. Children will interact and communicate directly by doing self-improvement efforts. One of them is through the introduction of English vocabulary through motion and song because thus foreign languages become one of the important aspects as the main capital of excellence in high-quality human resources. English is also one of the international languages set by the United Nations.

Indonesia is one of the countries that are in between major tectonic plates Indo Australian plate, the Eurasian and Pacific. In Indonesia Often happen natural disasters, especially tectonic and volcanic earthquakes. The frequent occurrence of natural phenomena requires efforts to reduce the risk of disasters that can occur. Because of the theme of the song is Earthquake. Another problem is In Indonesia, the curriculum on earthquake risk reduction for preschool children has not been widely studied. The National Disaster Management Agency has already designed but it is for elementary school students. Disaster risk reduction programs require special designs that are appropriate to the pre-school development stage. In this case for children aged 4 to 6 years or at the level of kindergarten. Early Childhood needs to be given learning experience about protecting themselves in the event of a disaster and how to save themselves by reducing the risks that occur. Not only scientifically but also practically practiced directly. The results of this research are the prototype of earthquake risk reduction curriculum, technical manual for earthquake disaster risk reduction for teachers, child related technical worksheets to the implementation of earthquake risk reduction, and video management of earthquake risk reduction [5].

Based on the data/facts and conditions in the field, the research conducted through motion and video-based songs and their influence on English vocabulary skills of children aged 5-6 years old in Indonesia. Through music and movement, children can learn vocabulary effectively and concretely. Children do every component of language, listening, speaking, reading, and writing. So, there is a research question should be answered, is there any influence between movements and songs on the English vocabulary skills of kindergarten children in Indonesia?

### 2. METHODS

The research method used in this study is the experimental method. The research design used in this study was a one-step pretest-posttest design. This research was conducted in one group only. In this group, the initial test or pretest was given using a questionnaire, then given treatment for a period of time using the Motion and song method, then given the last test or post-test. The research design is as follows in Table 1:

Table 1. One group pretest-posttest desian

Pre-test	Treatment	Post-test
$X_1$	T	$X_2$

### Information:

X1: Pre-test (before treatment) English vocabulary ability before treatment

Post-test (after treatment) English vocabulary ability after being treated

T: the Earthquake song

In this research, data collection techniques that will be used in this study are: using performance tests, Tests are systematic procedures in which individuals tested are represented by a set of simulation answers that can show numbers. In the test planned according to the choice of the heart and mind of the subject to describe the response which is then processed by the researcher systematically towards a direction of conclusions that describe the behavior of the subject. Performance tests are tests that require tests to move or use objects or arrangement of parts that are done correctly.

The instruments used by researchers are motion and song. This task is used during the pre-test and post-test which aims to reveal the child's initial abilities and final abilities after being treated. The following is a grid of instruments to assess the ability of English vocabulary through movement and song of group B in Damhil Kindergarten of Gorontalo State University has been consulted.

### 2.1 The Treatment

This research was conducted at Damhil Kindergarten in Indonesia in January and early February 2019. The subjects of this study were group B, which amounted to 30 children 16 boys and 14 girls. This study was conducted for 8 days, 1 day before being given treatment (pretest) and 7 other days after being given treatment (posttest) and the remaining time

available to assess what would be the subject of the study.

From the results of the study showed that there was a significant effect that the ability of English vocabulary group B before and after treatment. The pretest is a study before the treatment or learning process takes place as usual, while posttest is a study after being treated. The treatment design is as follows in Table 2.

### FLOWCHART VIDEO TANGGAP BENCANA GEMPA BUMI

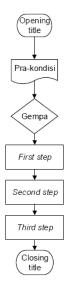


Fig. 1. Flowchart design of video of Earthquake song

The Song was created for 2 months, on October 4, 2018, starting from the preparation of creating song lyrics, instruments that will be used so that it can create harmony with the song lyrics. The first step the author creates song lyrics starting from singing, and then created the songs that are quite synchronous with the theme of the discussion.

This study aims to see the effect of motion and song on children's English vocabulary abilities, and the background of making the Song Earthquake, so that the author gave the song title EARTHQUAKE.A month ago EARTHQUAKE's song lyrics were ready and the note-taking was ready, only a few were unable to write the writer to want to use an appropriate musical instrument and those who did not use large equipment due to limited funds, on 12 November 2018 the research team decided to use a guitar tool and easy to get.

Furthermore, the recording process of sufficiently quiet time is the right time for recording clarity and not too noisy. Only with five repetitions right on the sixth repetition. The EARTHQUAKE song is ready to use but previously the writer and colleagues who played the guitar made two recordings because the EARTHQUAKE song was made by the author into two versions namely Song version and karaoke version to be applied when going down the field not only that the team hope to introduce EARTHQUAKE songs to all, especially to early childhood teachers.

In addition, the song making process is complete, the team does not only make the song, but the team also makes an animated video of how the cycle of earthquakes and how to protect themselves to avoid collapse so that it can be useful for everyone (Hafteck, 1997). The Flowchart is as follows in Fig. 1.

### 3. RESULTS

Before conducting the research, the researcher first tests the instrument used. Next, the normality test and hypothesis test are carried out. Data obtained from this assessment are quantitative data. Quantitative data here are the results of the initial test and the final test of the child's English vocabulary abilities. In processing this quantitative data using the help of the Windows Microsoft Excel 2007 Computer program.

To obtain reliable results that are accounted for, then first the tests that have been prepared are tested on respondents who are not included in the study respondents. Of the 8 items that were tested, 6 items that are declared valid and 2 statements are declared invalid, namely the child follows the teacher's instructions correctly in English (Q4) and the child sings the song and moves correctly in English (Q5).

The reliable instrument is that there are similarities in data at different times. Thus testing the reliability of the instrument in this study using the Cronbach alpha formula. Testing reliability for items or statements in this study using the Cronbach Alpha coefficient formula is used with a value of 0.6 assuming that the list of statements tested will be reliable if the value of Cronbach Alpha  $\geq$  0.6 If r-count is 11> r- table then the instrument is said to be reliable and vice versa if r-count 11 < r-table the instrument said is not reliable.

- a) Pre-test reliability: Based on the results obtained from the formula the Cronbach alpha coefficient results from the pretest which is 0.41
- Post-test reliability: Based on the results obtained from the formula, the Cronbach alpha coefficient results from the pretest, which is 0.64

The technique of implementing hypothesis testing analysis is to compare the first measurement before treatment and measurement after treatment of the research sample. The analysis technique used by the ttest is the signification test which functions to find the meaning of the effect of variable X on Y, tested by the signification test using the formula for paired samples.

Then the price of t count is compared to t-table. To determine the t table value can be searched

using the distribution of t-table by utilizing of a significant level a = 0.10 / 2 = 0.05 (two sides), then look for the t table in the distribution of t table. The result is as follows in Table 3.

In this research, there are two variables, namely motion and song independent variables or independent variables and the ability of English vocabulary as the dependent variable or dependent variable. In this study, the level of English vocabulary ability can be learned from motion and song. Data descriptions are needed to support the research results through preliminary observations and checklists. Data descriptions are needed to see mean, median, mode and standard deviation (SD) values. To get the calculation of X variable data and Y variable, the calculation is done using descriptive data analysis, statistics on Windows computer programs, Ms. Excel 2007.

Table 2. The treatment design

	The teacher prepares Infocus	
	2. The teacher prepares the speaker	
	<ol><li>The teacher prepares a worksheet on Earthquake Images.</li></ol>	
	4. The teacher asks the child to pay attention to the animated	
The Treatment	video about the earthquake.	
Earthquake song	<ol><li>The teacher asks the child to pair the picture with the sentence provided</li></ol>	
	The teacher asks the child to demonstrate when an	
	earthquake occurs when the earthquake song is played	
	7. The teacher asks the child to recite sentences in English	
	8. The teacher adjusts the time and mission of the success of	
	moving to learn in English	
Treatment giver	Teacher	
	Eight times treatment	
The number of treatment	The time every treatment : 30 minutes	
	8X 30 = 240minutes/ half hour.	
	Pretest & Postest	
Evaluation	Performance test before and after the teratment (music and	
	movement by the earthquake song)	

Table 3. Pre-test and Post test data of the english vocabulary ability

Pre-test	Post-tes
- Mean = 11,56	Mean= 16.76666667
- Variance= 4,25	Variance= 6.185057471
- Observation=25	Observation= 30
- pearson correlation= 5,311	
Degree freedom= 53	
T-stat= -8,34	
P(T) = 1,59	
T-critical= 1.67	

Based on the results of the significant test obtained the value of t arithmetic = -8.34 while the t-table value at  $\alpha$  = 0.05 is equal to 0.683. So t-count  $\leq$  t-table -8.34  $\leq$  0.683 or p-value> alpha 0.30 <0.05 in other words t-count  $\leq$  t table then H0 is rejected or Ha is accepted meaning there is the influence of motion and song on English vocabulary abilities of children in Kindergarten was accepted.

### 4. DISCUSSION

The discussion in the study refers to the research hypothesis, which states that there is an influence between motion and song on the English vocabulary abilities of children with PV values = 5.311 with the r-total value of 68 0.683 or r> r-total using polled variance with the significance level of 5% or 0, 05. While the results of the t-test indicate that the value of t = -8.34 and t-table 0.683, in other words, t-count bigger than t-table or p-value> alpha then H0 is rejected or Ha is accepted which means there is influence of movement and music on children's vocabulary abilities in Kindergarten of Group aged 5-6 years are accepted.

Vocabulary is a collection of words that are owned by a language that gives meaning if we use the language. Vocabulary is the number of all words in a sentence language also includes the ability of words that have been known and can be used by someone in speaking and writing activities [6]. Children at the age of 3-5 years are at a time when the mastery of the main tasks in speaking is developing rapidly, namely adding vocabulary to the addition of word pronunciation and combining words into sentences Mastery of new vocabulary and new meanings. Children aged 3-5 years generally can pronounce more than 2500 vocabulary words [7].

### 4.1 The Ability of English Vocabulary

Ability comes from the word "Able" which means power (able to do something, can). Ability is the ability to do something. Someone is said to be capable if he can do something he has to do [8]. Connects ability with the word proficiency. Every individual has different skills in carrying out an action. These skills influence the potential that exists in the individual. The learning process enables children to optimize all the skills they have. The meaning of ability, in this case, is how the children with their creative power and the potential can foster their imagination that is needed in growth and development.

The ability of each person is not the same, some have high abilities, some are moderate, and some are low. Moreover, there is not everyone has a high intensity of ability in every job [9]. A person who has the ability for a field of work, and has a talent for the job, usually the achievement achieved in that field. So is the case with a teacher who conducts teaching activities, so it is likely that all efforts made to motivate children's learning will succeed. Someone's achievements, among others, are determined by intelligence and intellectual abilities. As a teacher, in addition to knowledge and skills, other requirements needed are abilities.

Vocabulary is a number of all words in a language, which is also the ability of words that are owned, known, and used by someone in speaking, listening. For early childhood, vocabulary skills are important enough to be able to study well. [10]. That vocabulary is an element of language that is very important because a person's thoughts can only be understood by others if expressed using vocabulary. The development of one's vocabulary mastery influences the ability and skill to express ideas and precisely.

Vocabulary is words or phrases that label each part of the material of everything to explain objects, attitudes of events and ideas that are abstract and to communicate so vocabulary becomes an important aspect of learning especially foreign languages. languages. According to Berk [11] "Vocabulary is the content and function on words of a language which are learned so throw that they become a part of a child understanding, speaking and letter, reading and writing. Vocabulary is the word having meaning, when heard or seen though proceed even not proceed by the individual himself to communicate other."

Vocabulary can also be said as a whole word in a particular language or field that is in it [12]. Vocabulary is part of a language that underlies the understanding of the language. The vocabulary quality that students have affects four language skills, namely, listening, speaking, reading and writing. Reveals that vocabulary can be interpreted as all words contained in a language, the wealth of words possessed by a speaker/writer of words used in a field of science and a list of words arranged like a dictionary accompanied by a brief explanation and practice.

Mastery of foreign languages, namely English, is considered very important to support the career and professional life of children later in adulthood. So parents do not hesitate to send their children to the Play Group or kindergarten that teaches foreign languages (English) or enrolls them in courses held by language institutions. Given that English is a foreign language in Indonesia, the learning process must be done in stages. The choice of material that is appropriate to the age of the child and a pleasant learning situation must be a major concern in the success of a learning process [13].

### 4.2 Music and Movement

Motion is an activity that will never be separated from a classroom learning process for early childhood. This is because the motion is part of the natural existence of early childhood, while songs are a means of developing these natural talents. Seefeldt and Wasik [14] suggest that motion is part of the natural existence of children aged three, four and five years. Children aged three and four years ran and threw their bodies to and fro in classrooms and playgrounds. Five-year-olds seemed to jump up and down, prancing and circling rather than walking normally. The perpetual motion machine (early childhood) requires guidance in learning to move as in school.

Motion is and diverts fear, sadness, anger, pleasure, and so on. Motion is also an expression of liberation from the shackles of helplessness, symbolism, "displacement" and catharsis especially in children who express themselves directly and effectively through movement [15]. Motion becomes a very creative thing when combined with music that children interpret according to their own ways. However, before the child can make this expressive motion, he must first master the variations of his body movements. In this way, he can recognize himself and realize that "Mood" and certain feelings can be released through expressive movements. By learning through movement, children can learn about themselves and their world [4]. Motion activity, plays an important role in psychomotor development, cognitive abilities and affective abilities. Experience in motion allows children to explore and solve problems, something very valuable for children also provides opportunities in their intellectual abilities, where children must hear, understand, and understand the meaning of the instructions given. Experience in motion also develops the power of his imagination because he has to use his five senses, with the eyes, smelling,

feeling, hearing, the feeling to form a body movement.

Early childhood will be able to learn to control their movements by connecting to the music and using movements to express their feelings and ideas. provides a variety of motion designs by paying attention to the anatomy of the body and limbs, namely head shake, hip shake, hand movements, foot movements and so on [16]. Motion is a change in the position of an object. When the position changes, it means that there is an initial position and an end position. The initial position in motion is termed as a reference point. Another example is when we blink, we have moved the eyelid with the petal reference point open.

Moving actively, running, jumping, rolling, etc. are children's natural activities, which indicates that they are in a healthy condition, children really like to move freely, play chases, play games, play war, can be as media in helping children's motor growth. Children's daily activities related to motion according to Strickland [14], teachers should be able to control their activities or movements, by relating them to music, using movements to express their feelings, thoughts and ideas.

Music can be likened to the language of emotions. Music can provide pleasure both for those who hear it and for those who play it [17]. Many people get very good pleasure in direct contact with music such as singing, clapping, laughing, rocking, jumping, spinning, marching, dancing, dancing, or other behavior. Playing creates excitement (enthusiasm), eliminates tension and provides a comfortable atmosphere. Music also has the effect of channeling feelings, emotional release, growing Interest in self expression and more satisfactory interpersonal relationship [18]. Music can provide feelings of satisfaction and a feeling of comfort and can be therapeutic as well. Music encourages children to get the opportunity to express themselves. Music also allows children to release emotions that are held back or emit emotions that cannot be accepted by the environment. Music is a medium for selfexpression and recreation needed by children. So that children who listen to music can respond to the rhythm in various ways to clap, jump, chuckle, and so on. In order for rhythmic exercise get maximum results. the accompaniment in training must have a tempo that allows the child to adjust his movements

(usually fast tempo). The rhythm must be "steady" so that no attention can interfere with movement, good quality, the tone is not flat, and contains a strong rhythm.

As an effort to support a child's ability to move well, it is necessary to have concrete stimulus activities, namely singing a song. Related to the song, music takes place spontaneously throughout the day when children and the role of the teacher are singing again to each other or themselves [17]. Even though the teachers were not musicians, they were able to find ways to introduce songs to children and sing with children. Besides that also, emphasizes that words and movements in songs must match the stages of the child's age, the child's difficulty level, and preferably a somewhat repetitive movement.

Based on the opinions of these experts, it can be concluded that songs can stimulate children's language skills. Motion and song are changes in position made by children following the lyrics of the songs sung by the teacher based on the themes taught in class to stimulate children's vocabulary abilities.

### 4.3 Bilingual

Bilingual is the ability to use two languages. This ability is not only in speaking and writing but also the ability to understand what others communicate verbally and also in writing. Children who have bilingual abilities understand foreign languages well as children understand their mother tongue [7] (Hurlock, 2006). Bilingualism becomes fluent in two languages and is increasingly common, has long been the norm in several parts of the world. For example, around 20% of children in the United States do not speak English as a first language, with this number rising sharply to between 33% and 43% in some states, such as California, New Mexico, and Texas [19]. In some European countries, such as Switzerland and Luxembourg, people usually speak three or four languages. It has been a long debate about the benefits and disadvantages of bilingualism, should children be taught a second language early, when they are "prime" for language learning or will learn a second language before they master first they have long-lasting effects? This question has attracted the attention of psychologists and educators, and the conclusion seems to be that bilingualism has costs and benefits.

There are various ways to be bilingual, and there are various types of bilingualism. For example, in simultaneous bilingualism, children are exposed from birth to two languages. On the contrary, in sequential bilingualism, children learn the second language after mastering the first. Bilingual simultaneously generally acquire-two languages separately and shows relatively few disorders of one language [19]. Children who are learning two languages at the same time make some temporary mistakes, such as when they apply rules from one language to another. For example, in Spanish, adjectives come after a noun (Roja flour) while in English the order is reversed (red flower). It's not strange to hear Spanish / English speaking children say red flowers or Roja flour when he learns two languages together.

In addition, bilingual children simultaneously often have a fewer vocabulary in both languages and a slight delay in syntactic development compared with monolingual children, but age 8 or more, usually there is no difference between them and monolingual children. Bilingual of all ages are also slower than monolingual when taking individual words from their long-term memories. Studying two languages, whether simultaneously or sequentially, requires more effort than learning one. However, even with greater effort and, for sequential bilingualism, low development in vocabulary and syntactic development, there are many benefits, bilingual can recognize a wider range of phonemes than monolinguals and they often develop higher sensitivity that looms cultural values and speakers from the two languages they master [19]. Bilingual children and adults show a higher metalinguistic of awareness monolingual children, which has been associated with more exceptional ability to read and write.

### 5. CONCLUSION

Based on the results of the research conducted in the previous discussion conclusions can be drawn, namely, there is an influence between music and movement on children's English vocabulary abilities. Through music and movement, children can learn vocabulary effectively and concretely. Children do every component—of language, listening, speaking, reading, and writing also moving.

This is evidenced by the value of the PV score = 5.311 with a total R-value of 68 0.683 or r> r-total using polled variance with a significance level of

5% or 0.05. While the results of the t-test show that the value of t-count = -8.34 and t-table 0.683 in other words t-count ≤ t-table or p-value> alpha then H0 is rejected or Ha is accepted meaning there is the influence of music and movement on English vocabulary skills of children in kindergarten are accepted.

The suggestions in this study are as follows:

- The teacher can use songs in English to practice English vocabulary skills.
- 2. The teacher can take alternatives other than using the method explained.
- Children can be given interesting learning methods to be able to improve their vocabulary skills to discuss English children.
- This research can be used as a reference on how to improve children's English vocabulary skills through music and movement.

### **ACKNOWLEDGEMENT**

We Would like to thank the involvement of songwriters and those who are the object of this research, starting from the school which is the application of Earthquake songs, namely Damhil Kindergarden. We would like to thank the animated video actors of the steps to protect themselves from earthquakes there are El Fata Hikari Syaputr and En Nisa Megumi Syahputri. The last but not least we wolud like to thank the song composer Ismail B Lintak.

### **COMPETING INTERESTS**

Authors have declared that no competing interests exist.

### **REFERENCES**

- Laksana, Sigit Dwi. Integrasi empat pilar Pendidikan (UNESCO) dan tiga pilar pendidikan Islam. Al Idarah Jurnal Kependidikan Islam. 2016;6(1):27.
  - DOI: 10.24042/alidarah.v6il.7789
- Young, Susan. Towards construction of musical childhoods: Diversity and digital technology. Journal Early Childhood Developement and Care. 2009;179(6):695-705.
- Cabbel, Sonia Q, et al. Teacher-child conversation in preschool classrooms

- contibutions to childrens vocabulary development. Early Childhood Research Quarterly. 2015;30(Part A):80-92.
- 4. Crain, William. Theories of development: Concepts and applications. Yogyakarta: Pustaka Pelajar. 2007;209-520.
- 5. Available:https://www.bnpb.go.id/1999-kejadian-bencana-selama-tahun-2018-ribuan-korban-meninggal-dunia
- 6. Wright, Tanya S, Neuman, Susan B. Paucity and disparity in kindergarden vocabulary instruction. Sage Journal. 2014;46(3):330-357.
  - DOI: 10.1177/1086296X14551474
- 7. Hurlock, Elizabeth B. Children development IST. Jakarta: Erlangga. 2006:215.
- 8. Morris, Peter. Power: A philosophical analysis. Manchaster: Manchaster University Press. 1987;32.
- 9. Moll, Luis C. L. S. Vygostsky and Education. New York and London: Taylor and Francis. 2014:206.
- Graves, Michael F. Vocabulary book: Learning and instruction. New York: Teachers College Columbia University. 2006:2.
- 11. Berk, Laura E. Child development (Seventh Edition), USA: Pearson International Edition. 2006;218.
- Webb Stuart, Nation Paul. How vocabulary is learned. Oxford: Oxford University Press. 2017;4.
- Salmon, Angela. Using music to promote children thingking and enhance their literacy development. Early Childhood Development and Care Journal. 2010;180(7):75.
- See Feldt Carol dan Wasik A. Barbara. Pendidikan Anak Usia Dini. Jakarta: PT Rineka Cipta. 2008;304.
- Zatsiosky, Vladimir M. Kinetics of human motion. The Pennsylvania State University. 2002:1.
- Mc Narmey, Shelly, et al. Supporting literacy in preschool: Using a teacherobservation tool to guide professional development. Journal of Early Childhood Teacher Education. 2006;27(1):19-34.
- Ahmad, Nawaz, Rana, Afsheen. Impact of music on mood: Empirical investigation, research on humanities and social science. 2015;5(21):98.

- Vidas, Dianna, Dingle, Genevieve A, Nelson, Nicole L. Children's recognition of emotion in music and speech. Journal of Music and Science. 2018;1:1-10.
- 19. Lewis, Kelly, Davies, Ian. Understanding media opinion on Bilingual education in the United States. Journal of Social Science Education. 2018;17(4):32-49.

### **APPENDIX**

"Mohamad Topan Riswan Hela" "EARTHQUAKE" (english version)

Hey, My Friends We All Have To Be Allert To Eartquake When The Eartquake Shakes The Ground Ler's All Run To Avoid Colapsing Don't Panic Lets Hide Under The Table And Hold His Legs
So We Safe The Eartquake .....
Eartquake ,,,, Yessss

"Mohamad Topan Riswan Hela" "Gempa Bumi" (in Bahasa Version)

Hey kawan kita semua harus waspada kepada gempa Ketika genpa menggetarkan tanahnya Ayo semua kita lari-lari agar kita terhindar dari runtuhan Jangan panik ayo sembunyi dibawah meja Dan tahan kakinya Agar terhindar dari gempa Gempa,,, yeesss

### THE WORKSHEET

### Gempa Bumi Mengurutkan Gambar Dalam Tulisan Dalam Bahasa Inggris Dengan Benar







RUN











HIDE

EARTHQUAKE

COVER

© 2019 Ardini et al.; This is an Open Access article distributed under the terms of the Creative Commons Attribution License (http://creativecommons.org/licenses/by/4.0), which permits unrestricted use, distribution, and reproduction in any medium, provided the original work is properly cited.

Peer-review history:
The peer review history for this paper can be accessed here:
http://www.sdiarticle3.com/review-history/49330